



## **Table of Contents**

#### 2-D and 3-D Shapes

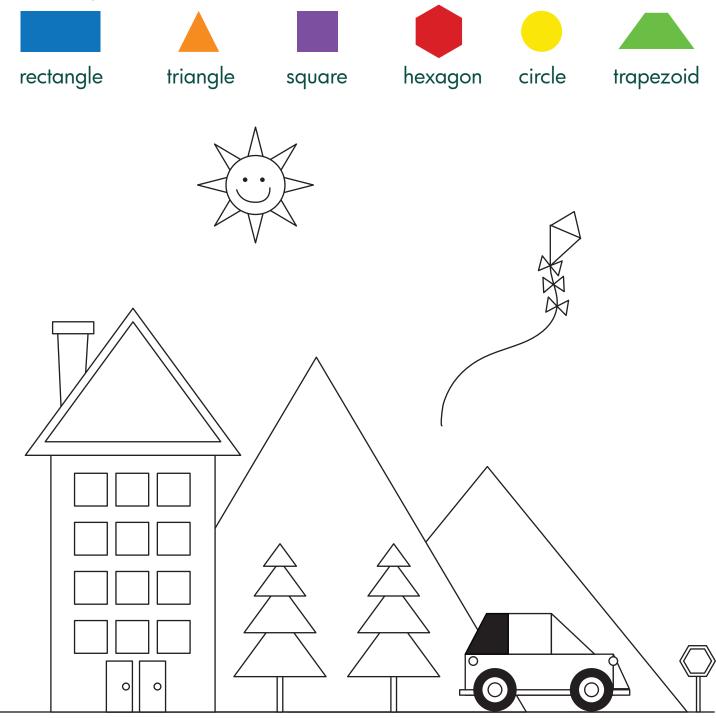
**Plane Figures** 2-Dimensional Shapes Name That Shape #1 Name That Shape #2 Sphere to Apple Triangle to Pyramid Prism to Bus Jack-in-the-Box Ice Cream Cone The Cylinder 3-D Shapes **Shapes Within Shapes** Math Models: Cube Math Models: Triangular Prism Math Models: Rectangular Prism Math Models: Triangle Pyramid Math Models: Pyramid Math Models: Cone 3-D Art

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## Plane Geometry Plane Figures

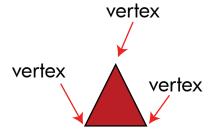
Plane geometry is about shapes like lines, circles, and triangles. Plane figures are made up of a set of sides or curved segments. These are called edges of the figure. The rectangle, the triangle, the square, the hexagon, and the circle are just a few plane figures. Color the picture below using the same color for each shape.



#### **Plane Geometry**

### 2-Dimensional Shapes

In plane geometry, shapes are made up of a set of sides or curved segments; these are the edges of a shape. A vertex (plural: vertices) is a point where two or more straight lines meet, like a corner. An edge is a line segment that joins two vertices. Draw or label each shape, and write how many edges and vertices it has.



This triangle has 3 vertices.



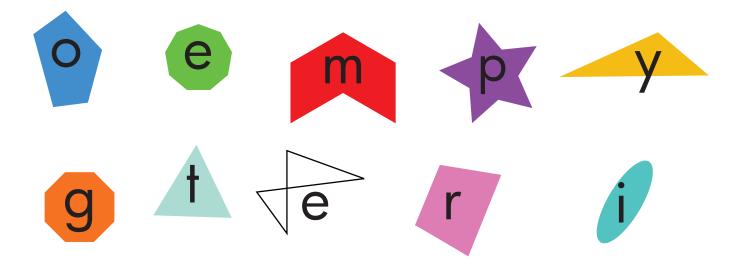
This hexagon has 6 edges.

Shape	Name	Number of Edges	Number of Vertices
	circle	0 or undefined/infinite	0 or undefined/infinite
	kite		
	rectangle		
		4 (same size)	4
	triangle		
	hexagon		



### Plane Geometry Name That Shape

Match each clue to the correct shape. Then take each letter inside the shape and write it in order to spell out the answer to the riddle.



This shape is called an octagon. It has 8 sides and is used for stop signs.

This shape is called a *nonagon* and has 9 sides.

This shape is called an *irregular pentagon* because the sides are not the same size.

This hexagon has one vertice concave or has a "cave" in it.

When two sides cross over, you call it a "complex" quadrilateral.

This triangle is an *acute triangle* because all of its angles are less than 90°.

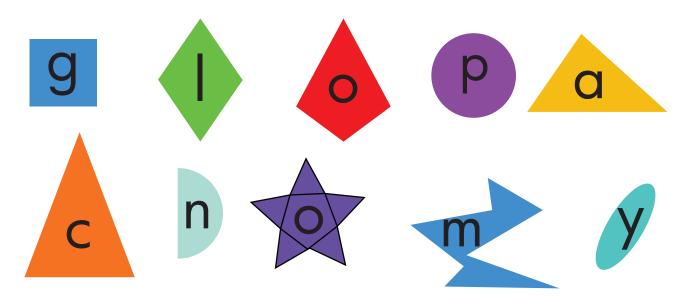
Any four-sided shape is a quadrilateral.

This triangle is an *obtuse triangle* because one of its angles is greater than 90°.

What kind of tree does a math teacher climb?

### PlaneGeometry Name That Shape

Match each clue to the correct shape. Then take each letter inside the shape and write it in order to spell out the answer to the riddle.



The 3-D version of this shape is called a *sphere*.

This shape is made out of a pentagon and is called a *pentagram*.

This shape has 4 equal sides and is called a *rhombus*.

This shape looks like a squashed circle and is called an *ellipse*.

This shape has 4 right angles.

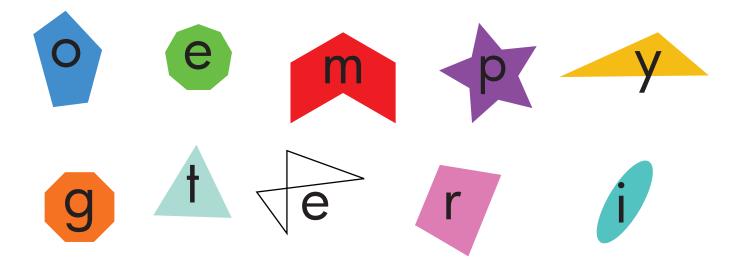
This shape is called a *kite* and has 2 pairs of equal adjacent sides.

This shape has 2 vertices and is called a *semicircle*.

What do you say when you see an empty parrot cage?

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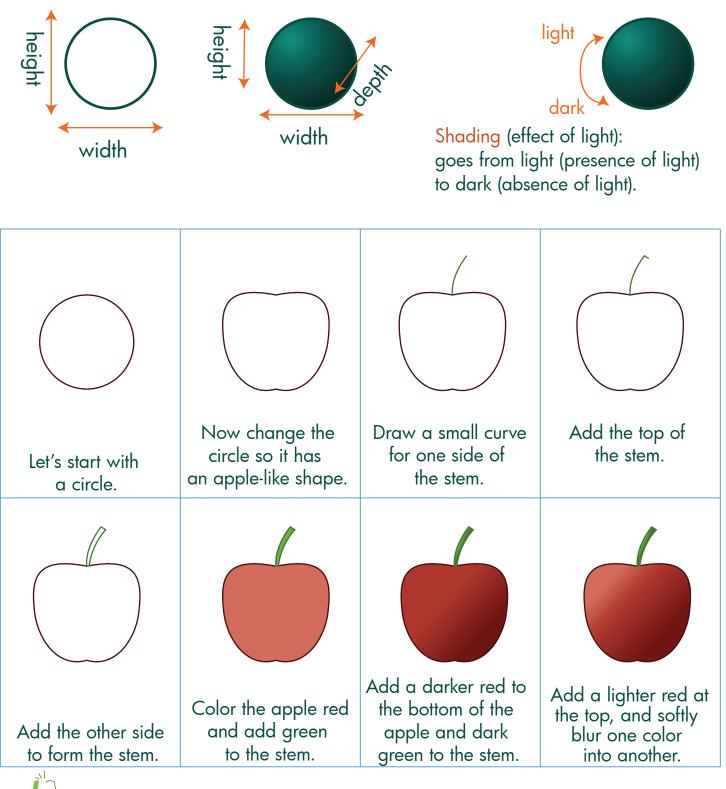
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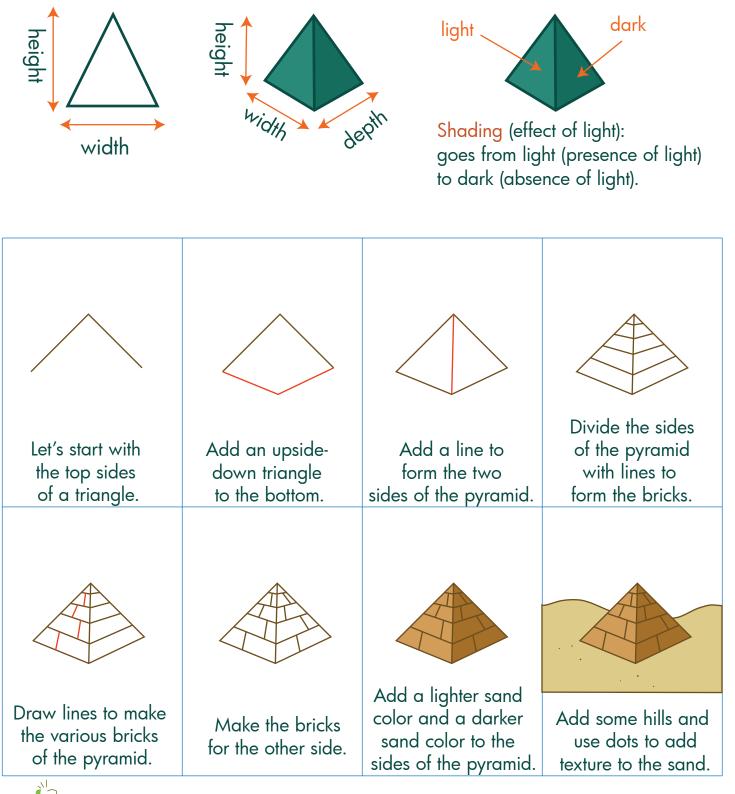
## Solid Geometry Sphere To Apple

Every 3-D shape has three dimensions: width, depth and height. For example, compare the circle and the sphere. A sphere has *depth*, which a 2-D circle does not have. Let's use this knowledge to draw a 3-D apple.



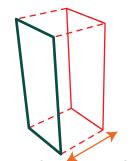
### Triangle To Pyramid

Solid geometry is the study of 3-D shapes. For example, compare the triangle to the pyramid. A pyramid has an extra dimension called *depth*. Let's turn a triangle into a pyramid.

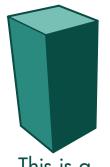


### Prism To Bus

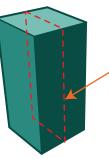
A prism is a polyhedron. That means that the cross-section will be a polygon (a straight-edged figure), so all sides will be flat!



Draw a shape and extend it out.

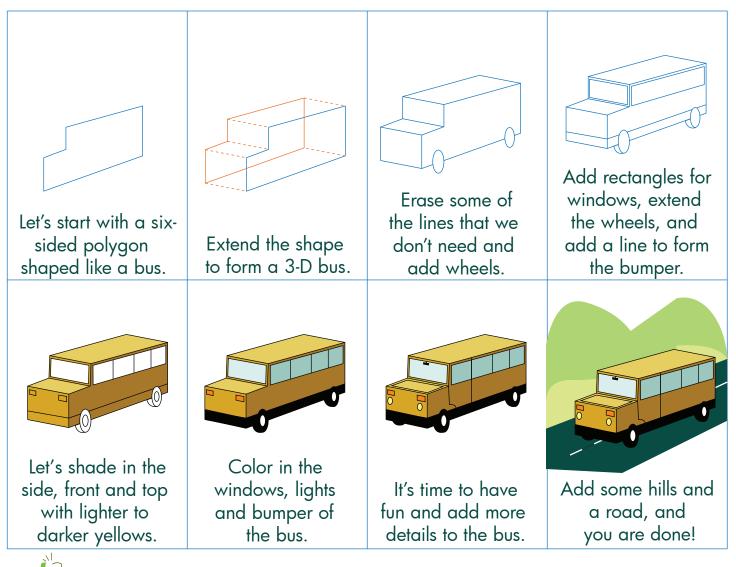


This is a rectangular prism.



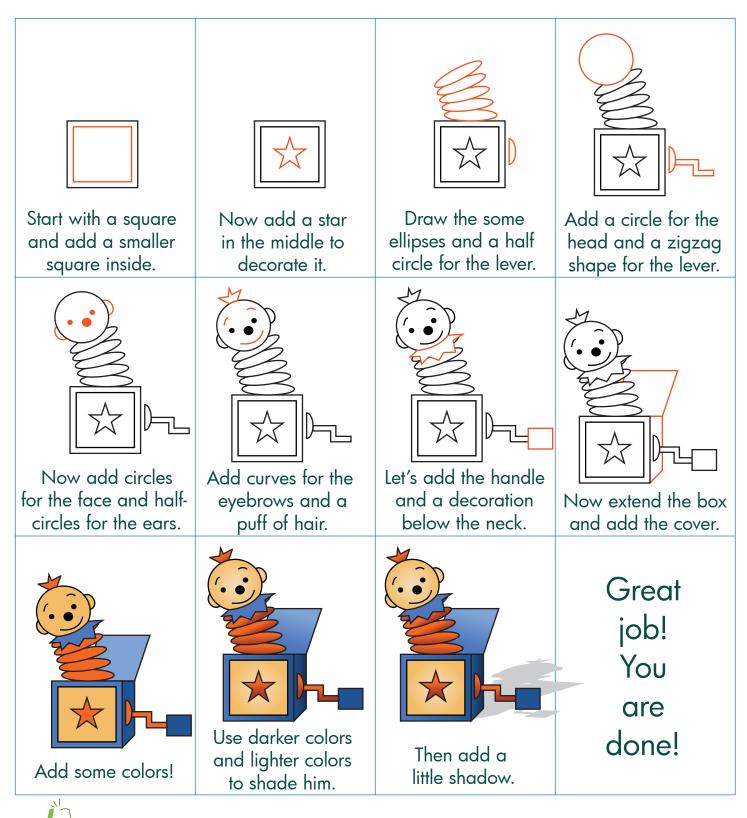
This cross-section will always be a rectangle.

A slice from this is called a cross-section.



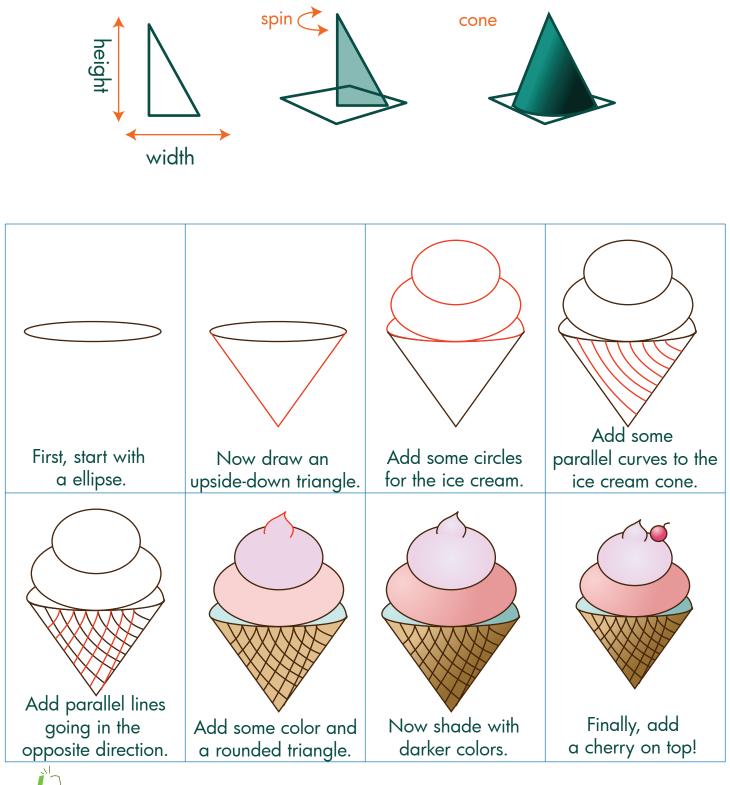
### Solid Geometry Jack-In-The-Box

By combining simple shapes, we can create complex drawings. Let's draw a jack-in-the-box toy!



### Solid Geometry Ice Cream Cone

The cone is another 3-D solid. It is made by spinning a right-angled triangle. The cone can be used to draw many things. Let's draw an ice cream cone!



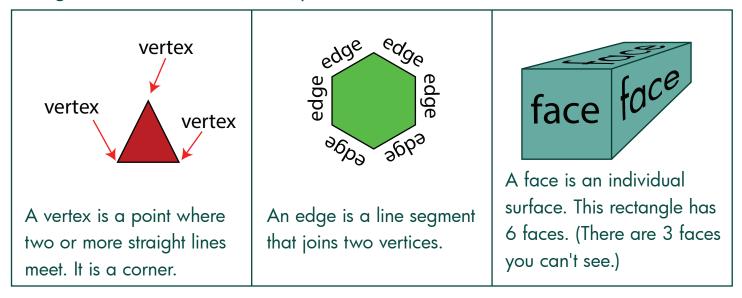
# Solid Geometry The Cylinder

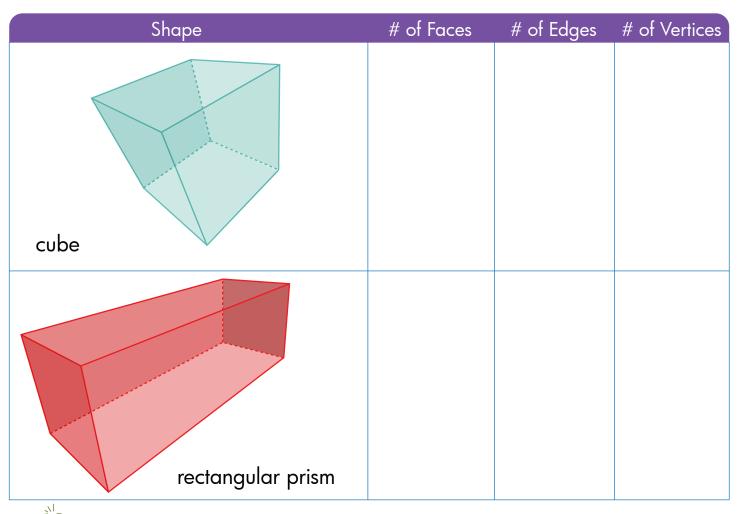
The cylinder is another 3-D solid. It is made by drawing an ellipse (or circle), then adding another ellipse that is farther away, and finally connecting them with 2 lines. The cylinder can be used to draw many things.

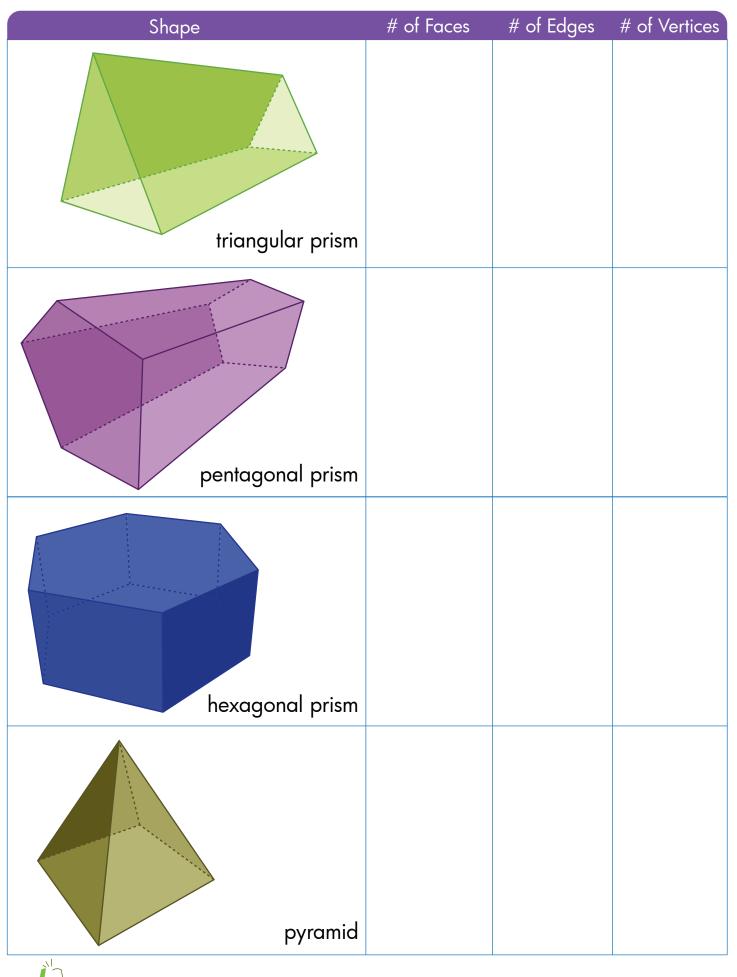


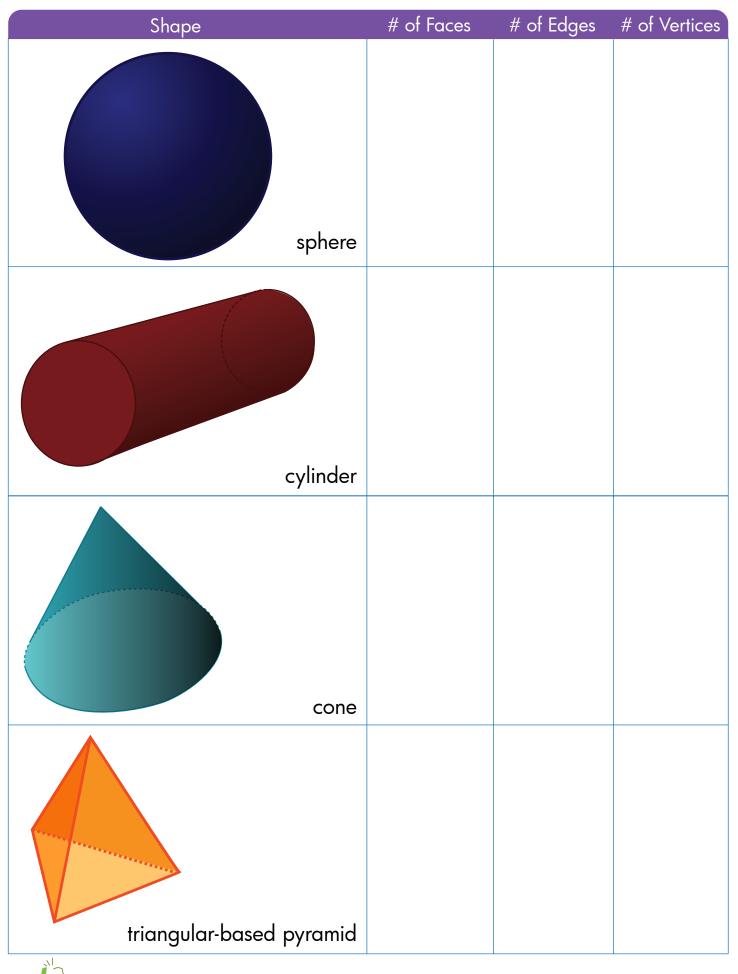
### **3-D Shapes**

Look at the shapes below. Fill out the table by writing the number of faces, edges, and vertices each shape has.



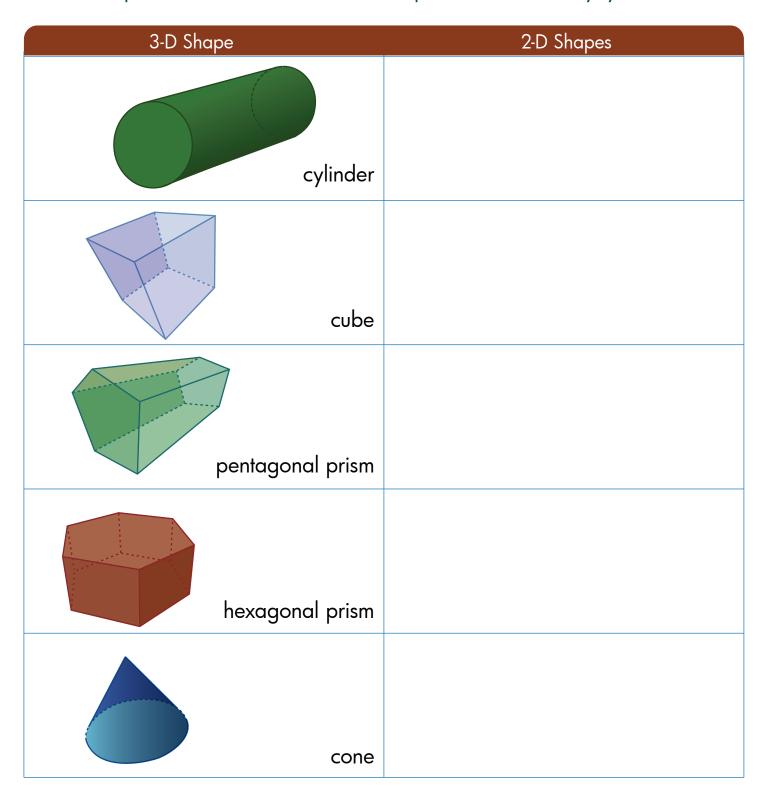


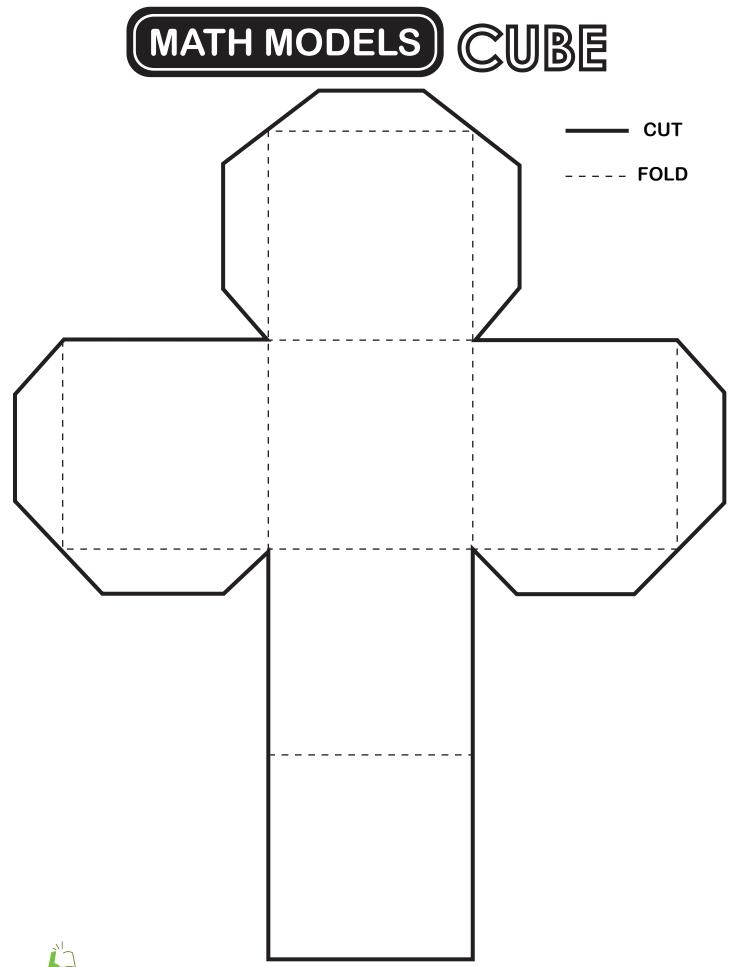


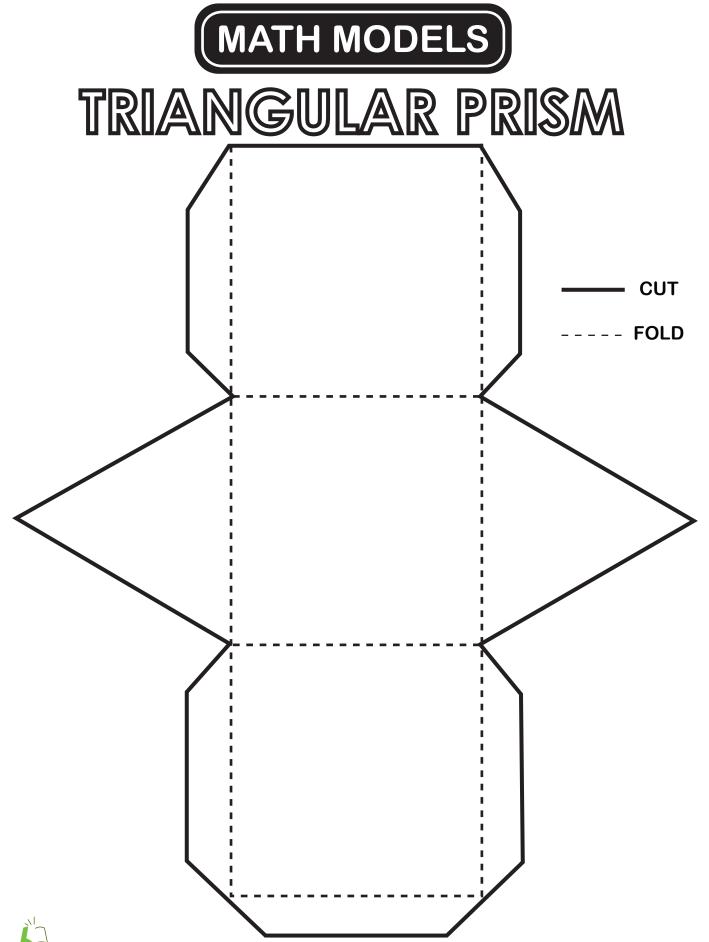


### Solid Geometry Shapes Within Shapes

Did you know that many 3-D shapes are made of 2-D shapes? Look at the 3-D shapes below. Write which 2-D shapes, and how many, you can see!

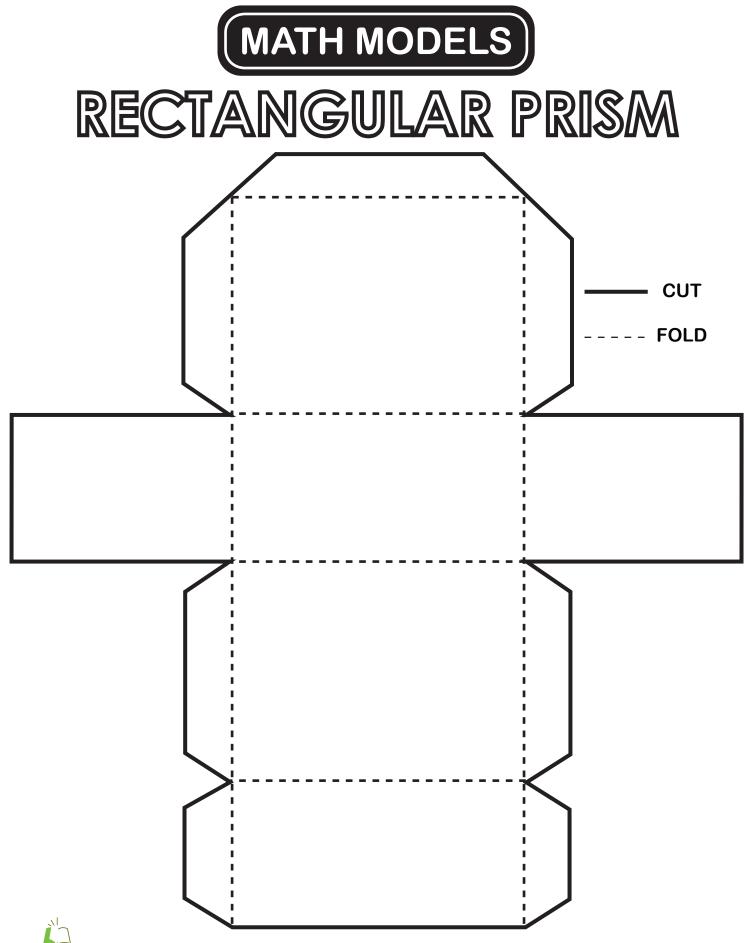






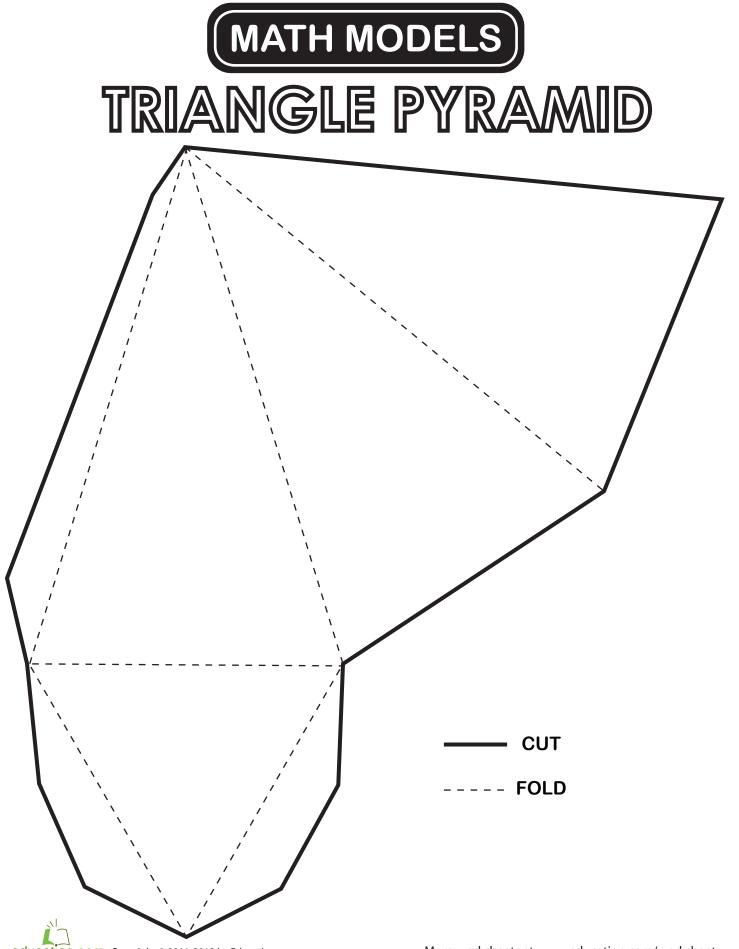
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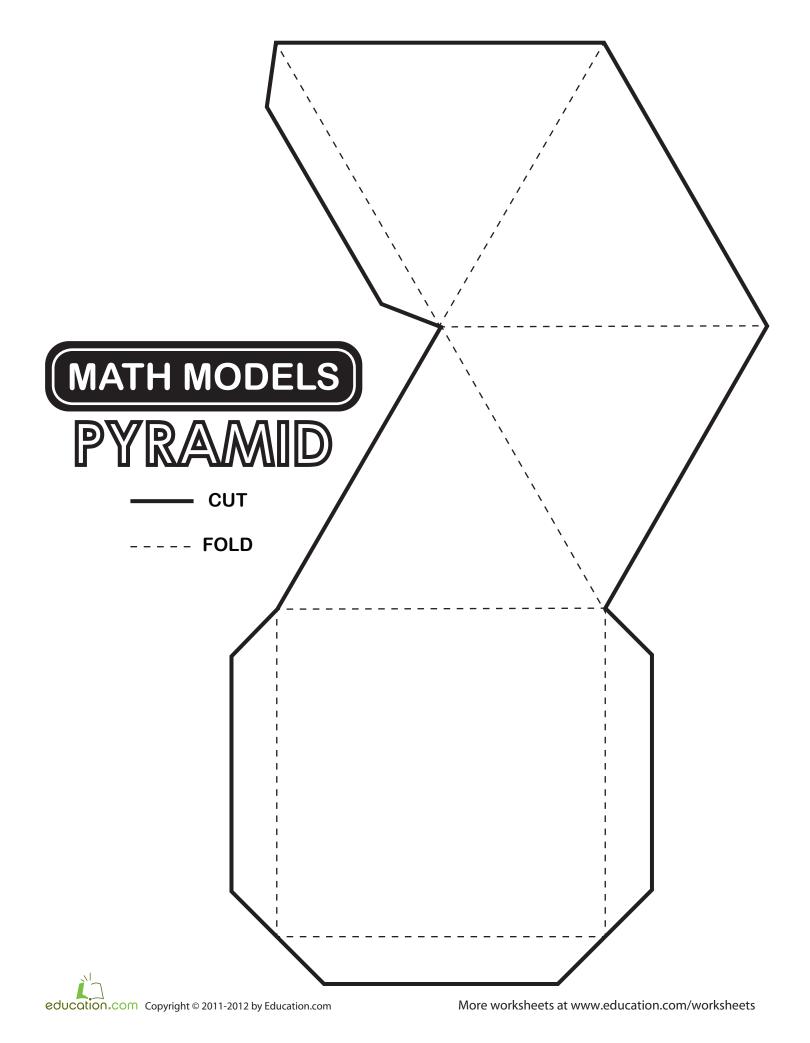
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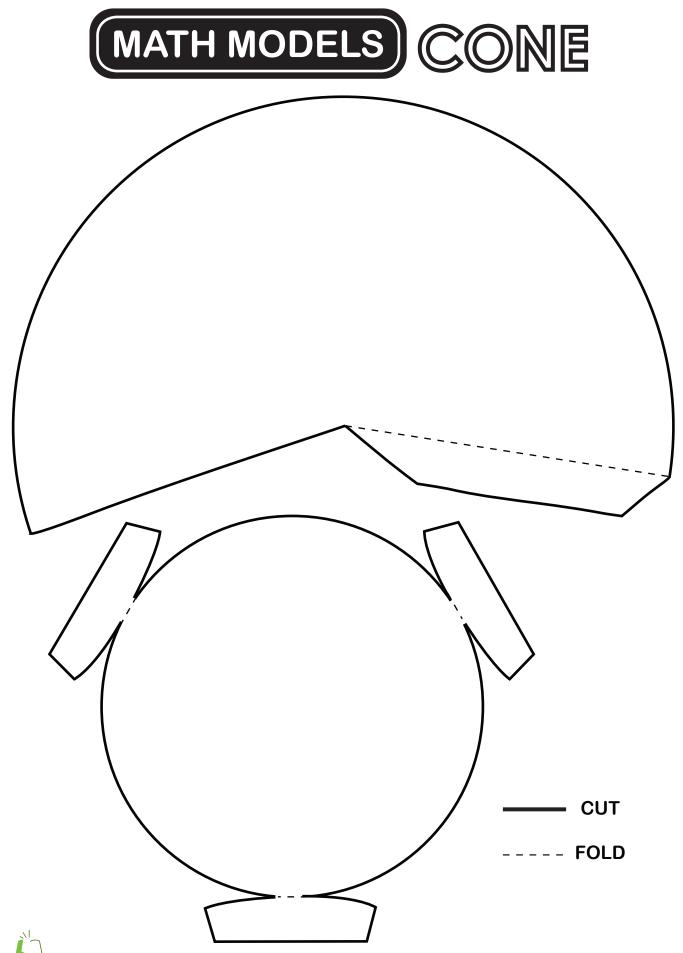
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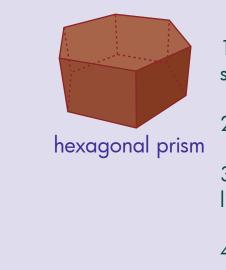
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# **3-D** Art

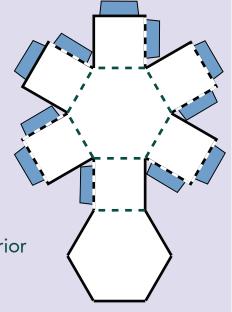
Let's make some 3-D art! Print the hexagonal prism on the next page. Then follow the instructions below to construct your paper prism.



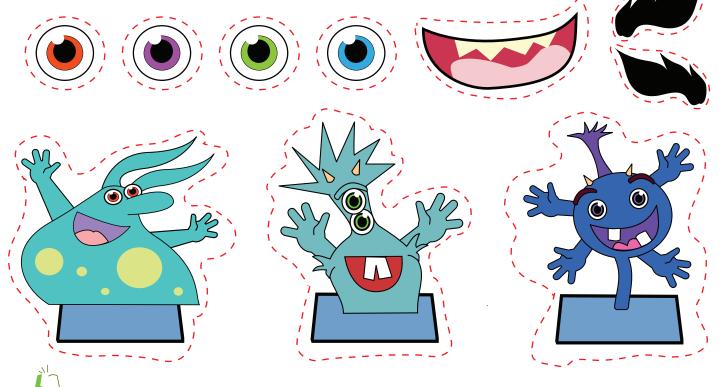
- 1. Color and decorate the shapes in the cut-out.
- 2. Cut out the entire shape.

3. Fold up along all dotted lines.

4. Glue the flaps to the interior of the shape.



Cut out the pieces below and glue them to your prism to make a silly monster box!



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