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Wacky World

Check out these bizarre roadside attractions from around the globe.

Departments

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- 7 Bet You Didn't Know
- 8 Awesome 8
- **10** Amazing Animals

28 Fun Stuff

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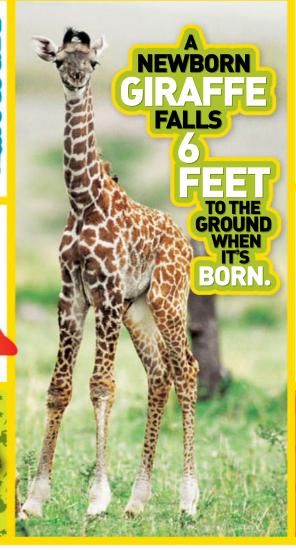
Check out these outrageous facts.

IF YOU TRAVELED 1 LIGHT-YEAR, YOU WOULD GO ALMOST 6 TRILLION MILES.

A man Walked on his hands from Vienna, Austria, to Paris, France. The trip took 55 days!

porcupine
can have more than
30,000
quills.

SOME PLANTS CONSUME INSECTS, FROGS, AND BIRDS FOR FOOD.



THE GROOVE
BETWEEN YOUR
NOSE AND
UPPER LIP
IS CALLED THE PHILTRUM.





YOU CAN WRITE ABOUT 45,000 WORDS WITH AN AVERAGE PENCIL.



WHY IT'S COOL If you like snow, then this is the place for you! Being able to make it through the night at this chilly igloo hotel definitely ups your personal cool factor (in more ways than one). But even the most adventurous travelers will be glad the hotel provides cold-weather sleeping bags and wool socks: The inside temperature hovers around 25°F. Just hope that you don't need to use the bathroom—it's outside. The igloos are open from December through April. After that, they melt.



Visit Tree Mountain in Ylöjärvi, a giant art project that includes a hill and thousands of trees planted in a pattern. Get mud on your cleats competing in the Swamp Soccer World Championships in Hyrynsalmi. Wake up first on National Sleepyhead Day—because families might throw the latest sleeper in a lake! Admire 500-year-old graffiti at Pike's Gut, where medieval sailors carved their names into stone.

Guinness Guinness World Records



ANYBODY UP FOR A GAME OF DOUBLES?

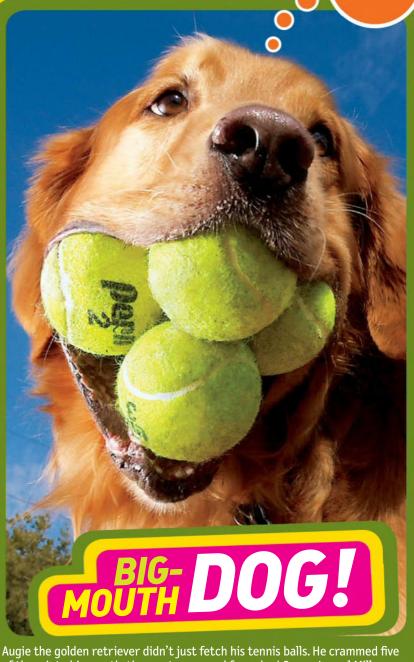
GLOBE = MADE OF SOAP!

This is one way to keep Earth clean! The world's largest soap sculpture represents a globe held by two hands; it's nearly seven feet wide and about nine feet tall. Guess it's not such a small world after all.

WORLD'S TALLEST MAN!



Who needs a ladder when this dude is your friend? Sultan Kösen is on record as the tallest man alive, standing at nearly eight feet three inches. Kösen, whose height was caused by an overproduction of growth hormone, does have trouble finding clothes that fit. He's probably stopped growing, but Kösen is still the go-to person when a light bulb needs changing.



Augie the golden retriever didn't just fetch his tennis balls. He crammed five of them into his mouth, the most on record for a dog! Owner Laurel Miller says as a puppy Augie would chase tennis balls and then refuse to give them back. But soon Miller could simply place the balls on the ground and Augie would scoop them all into his mouth. At least he wasn't barking with his mouth full!

2



7 wild facts about the color red.

also means "BEAUTIFUL" in Russian.

Chinese
BRIDES TRADITIONALLY
Wedding dresses
for good luck.

The word "ruby" comes from the Latin word

The color red doesn't really make

1

bulls angry; they are

blind.

SEEING the color red can make your

heart beat faster. rubens, meaning "red."

The red

Stripes
on the
United States

FLAG
stand for





A MOUNTAIN RANGE ON **PLUTO RISES** AS HIGH AS 11,000 FEET.

DWARF PLANET

NASA's New Horizons spacecraft captured this image of Pluto (in the foreground) and its moon Charon. The colors here are made by combining three different images, and though the relative sizes are close to accurate, the relative distance apart is not to scale.

TELESCOPE POWER

Two dwarf galaxies known as the Magellanic Clouds can be seen above the Paranal Observatory in the Atacama Desert in Chile. The observatory is home to a very large telescope known as the Very Large Telescope.





MEGA-SIZE EARTH

This "super Earth" (seen here in an artist's rendering) is more than five times as massive as our home planet and orbits a red dwarf star about 33 light-years away. Supersize aliens aren't hanging out here, though, as scientists think exoplanet GJ 536b is too close to its star to be habitable.

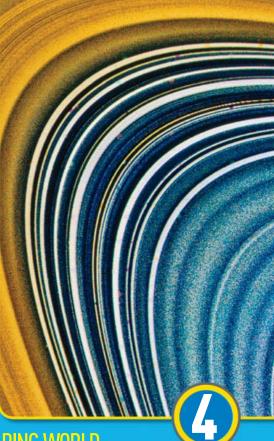


An artist's rendition of Kepler-20e shows the rocky exoplanet with active volcanoes. The exoplanet is much too hot to support life as we know it, with surface temperatures thought to reach as high as 1400°F, or about four times hotter than an oven baking a cake.



EXTREME EXOPLANET

This NASA illustration shows the exoplanet HD 189733b, located some 63 light-years away from Earth in the constellation Vulpecula. This planet may look friendly, but don't be fooled: Winds howl here at 5,400 miles an hour—seven times the speed of sound!—and it likely rains molten glass.



RING WORLD

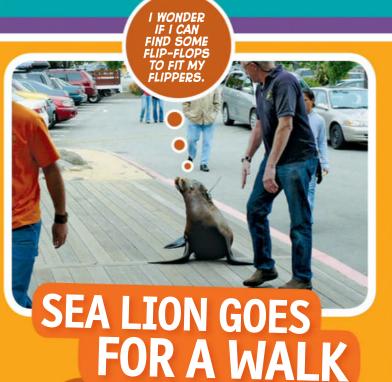
A close-up of Saturn's expansive ring system, highlighted with different colors, shows its elaborate structures. Rings are made up of millions of fragments of ice and rock, and have gaps inside containing ringlets. Other rings have moons embedded within them. The Voyager 2 spacecraft took this image in 1981.



BLACK AND WHITE

Iapetus, Saturn's third largest moon, appears as a pockmarked gum ball. This image is highlighted to make the colors more pronounced, but the moon really is two-toned. Small dust particles from another moon, Phoebe, accumulate on the dark side but not on the icy white side.





Corte Madera, California

What does a wild sea lion do when he needs some exercise? This one entered a walkathon! Emerging from the San Francisco Bay, Astro used his flippers to shuffle himself to a nearby school where students were walking for charity. He completed one lap with the kids before concerned adults called rescuers at the Marine Mammal Center.

They recognized the friendly animal right away: Astro was an abandoned pup that had been raised at the center and released into the ocean. "Our hope is to return all of our patients to the wild," says Deb Wickham of the center. "People should always keep a safe distance from wild animals to help them stay wild." But since Astro was too used to being around people, Wickham's team corralled the sea lion into a carrier and took him back to the center. There, Astro lived with other captive sea lions again—and got plenty of exercise!

—Sarah Wassner Flynn



HERO HORSE

Castle Douglas, Scotland

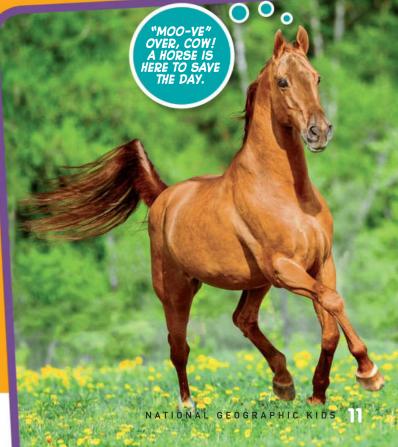
When a cow attacked Fiona Boyd, she found herself in a scary place. "I was underneath her four legs and she collapsed on top of me," Boyd says. Luckily for the dairy farmer, her horse Kerry galloped to the rescue.

Seconds earlier, Boyd had been leading a calf away

Seconds earlier, Boyd had been leading a calf away so she could milk its mom. Fearing the baby was in danger, the cow sent the farmer flying, then slammed her body on top of Boyd. "She was trying to suffocate me," Boyd says. Hearing her owner's cries, the horse raced over and began battering the cow with her back legs as her bruised owner crawled to safety. "I'm quite sure Kerry saved my life," she says.

The cow and calf were fine following the incident, and Kerry continued to look out for the family. She even followed Boyd's children when calves were near. "Kerry became our bodyguard," Boyd says. "That was her purpose in life." —Stephen Timblin







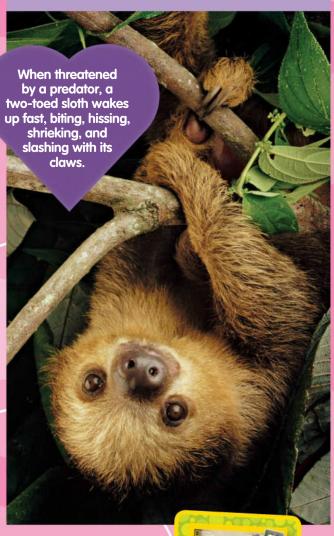


Before a clownfish settles down inside the poisonous anemone where it lives, the fish softly touches the anemone's tentacles. This little dance helps the striped fish adapt to its reef home. A slimy substance on the fish protects it from the host's poison. Once the fish is settled, it helps its host keep clean. In return, the anemone protects the small fish from bigger, hungry fish.

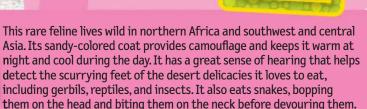
Sand cats have furry feet that prevent them from sinking in the sand. SAND CAT

TWO-TOED SLOTH

These shaggy tree dwellers sleep up to 20 hours a day and barely move at all, even when they're awake. They're so sluggish that algae grows on their fur. Some scientists think their slow-moving ways help them hide from predators. The algae helps too—the green hues blend right in with the trees the two-toed sloth hangs in.



CHECK OUT THIS BOOK!





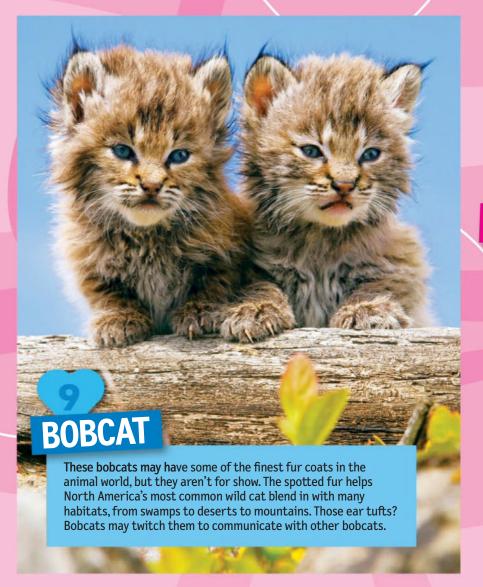
Little upright swimmers, seahorses live in shallow tropical and temperate waters throughout the world.



Unlike most fish, loyal seahorses pair up for life. The male carries the pair's eggs in a kangaroo-like pouch. When the babies (referred to as fry) hatch, they gallop out of the pouch in a wild herd of mini seahorses. The littlest species of seahorse is only half an inch tall; the largest can grow to be up to 14 inches tall.





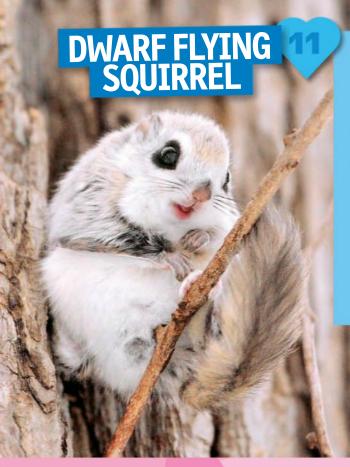




RESPLENDENT QUETZAL

Male resplendent quetzals have extravagant twin tail feathers that can grow to be three feet long during the mating season. Once the eggs are in the nest, the male shares the work to keep the pair's light-blue eggs warm. The only problem? That terrific tail isn't easy to tuck into the small hole in the tree where they live.





It's a bird! It's a plane! It's a ... super-squeaky flying rodent? The Japanese dwarf flying squirrel lives in the forests of Japan. Stretched out like a cape, an elastic membrane between its forelegs and hind legs helps this tiny aviator glide from tree to tree. It's looking for seeds, fruit, and leaves to eat. With its belly full by morning, this nocturnal nugget tucks into a hole in a tree to rest for the day.



A relative of the possum, the secretive cuscus spends its life in the trees—swinging from branch to branch with help from its prehensile tail. This Australian cuddler sleeps during the day and searches for food at night. It eats leaves and fruit and, on special occasions, small birds and tasty reptiles.

AMAZON GIANT GLASS FROG

Native to tropical Amazon forests, this frog's see-through skin helps it hide high in the trees. Sunlight shines right through the frog and provides camouflage. When it's time to lay its eggs, a glass frog deposits tiny white eggs onto a leaf above a stream. When the tadpoles emerge, they slip off the leaf and splash into the water below.





BAT-EARED FOX [14]

This little fox's oversize ears help it hunt by tuning in to tiny noises made by the lizards and bugs that it loves to eat. Those ears (they stretch to five inches tall) also help bat-eared foxes protect themselves from predators like cheetahs, hyenas, and pythons. When a fox hears a predator coming, it streaks off in a zigzag pattern to escape.





GIRAFFE-N**E**CKED WEEVIL

Giraffe-necked weevils—found only in Madagascar—grow to be about one inch long, getting most of their length from their neck. Male giraffe-necked weevils use their superlong necks to fight other males for the right to mate with a female.

88 BUTTERFLY

The 88 butterfly is named for the lines and dots on its wings that form the number, well, 88. As the butterfly ages, the white part of its wings turn brown.

DEAD-LEAF PRAYING MANTIS

The dead-leaf praying mantis is a species of praying mantis from Southeast Asia. The females stand guard over their egg sacs, ready to attack if anything attempts to grab one.

TIGER BEETLE

An adult tiger beetle can run five miles an hourso fast for its tiny size that it temporarily blinds itself in the process. To match this speed, champion racer Usain Bolt would have to run 480 miles an hour.

DOMINO COCKROACH

As you read this, 4,000 cockroach species are scuttling across the globe. Like other cockroaches, domino cockroaches have hairs called setae that help them sense a change in air pressure. This helps the insects escape approaching predators such as humans.











A 20-mile bike path is located in the middle of a highway connecting the cities of Daejeon and Sejong.



5 The **Number four** is regarded as **unlucky** in traditional South Korean culture.







IN THE 1998 WINTER OLYMPICS IN NAGANO, JAPAN

BY ELIZABETH HILFRANK THINGS ABOUT



also called a moon bear because of the crescentshaped mark on its chest.

Fishermen along the souther coast harvest over 90 percent of the country's **Seaweed crop** The world's largest department store is in the city of Busan.



The national dish—called —is mostly made of Cabbage

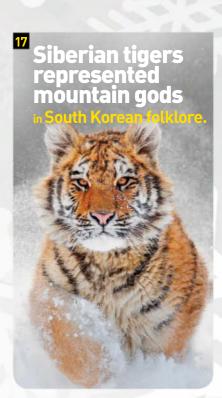
Found off the coast of South Korea, minke Whales can hold their breath for up to 25 minutes.

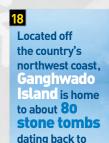






A festival celebrating the country's cherry blossóm trees attracts about a million tourists each spring.









21

- 19 You can get **pizza** topped with **SWEE DOTATO** here.
- 20 Some South Korean cafés have nap **Stations** where customers can snooze.

will have taken turns carrying the Olympic torch between the cities of Incheon and Pyeongchang before the start of the Winter Games.

A total of 7,500 torchbearers

Living in South Korea's mountain forests. Siberian musk deer have tusklike Canine **Eeth** sticking out below their lower jaws.

SOUTH

The crane, an important symbol in

is featured in

architecture,

stationery, and clothing there.

THE COUNTRY HOSTS THIS YEAR'S WINTER OLYMPICS.



The Korean crevice salamander doesn't have lungs—it breathes through its skin.



Toilet paper is a popular housewarming gift in this country.



Each July, people fling mud at each other in the town of oryeong during one of the largest mud festivals in the world.

Jeju Island's *haenyeo*, or "sea women," are fisherwomen who can hold their breath for up to two minutes while diving for shellfish underwater.



natgeokids.com/february





AFRICA'S NEXT

HOW A LION'S MANE TURNS HIM INTO A STAR

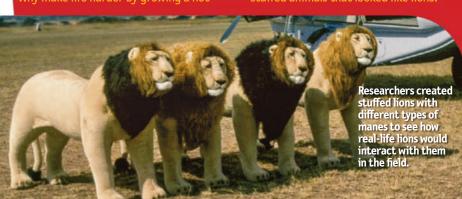
Two male lions prowl through the savanna of Tanzania, a country in Africa. They're looking for a pride of females and a territory to call their own. Suddenly they stop. In their sight is another pair of male lions. their manes clearly visible. The intruders size up their opponents, then back off. They'll battle for turf somewhere else.

Male lions are the only cats that grow manes. But for years, scientists were uncertain why. A tiger's stripes or a leopard's spots provide camouflage, but manes don't have an obvious purpose. If anything, having a mop of hair in the warm African climate would seem like a disadvantage. Why make life harder by growing a hot

scarf to wrap around your head?

One theory was that males' long locks attracted females, much like a peacock's dazzling feathers get noticed by peahens. Another idea was that manes were a kind of furry armor. But no one knew for sure. So biologists Craig Packer and Peyton West decided to tackle the hairy question. "We thought we could create some experimental tools to test how lions interacted with different kinds of manes," says Packer, director of the University of Minnesota's Lion Research Center.

Those tools were bigger versions of something you might have at home: stuffed animals that looked like lions!





LION AROUND

Strapped to an SUV, the stuffed lions which had a variety of mane lengths and colors—bounced along the Tanzanian grassland. The country is home to the largest population of wild lions, so Packer and West were hopeful they'd be able to introduce the decoys to real lions in a nearby pride—a group of lions that includes about six related females, their cubs, and two or three males.

Score! The scientists spot a male lion and set up two of the phony felines near him. One of the fake lions has a short



mane; the other sports a longer one. The humans play a recording of cackling hyenas feeding on prey through a speaker, which the lion would hear as a chance to steal a meal. It worked. The male lion from the pride stopped in his tracks.

According to West, the only threat a male lion will face—besides a human—is another male. "So even though those big dummy lions look absurd to us, all he sees are giant male lions," she says. "He has to treat them as if they're a threat."

Cautiously the male stepped closer and closer until he finally said hello—by sniffing the stuffed animals' rear ends! "The toy lions completely fooled him." Packer says.

In test after test with different versions of the stuffed lions, the males—and in later tests, unaccompanied females—eventually figured out the two big cats were bogus and left. But not before the scientists got the information they needed to solve this mane mystery.

KING OF BEASTS

It turns out that the male lions almost always approached the decoy with a shorter mane first. Makes sense: Injuries can cause manes to shrink or fall out, so a short mane often means a weak lion.

The males also stayed away from the stuffed lions with darker manes—but most of the females approached these first. It turns out that earlier data showed that dark-maned males defended their prides better and fathered cubs that lived longer.

The reason lions grow manes became clear. According to West, it's a signal. "Lions can tell about another lion's strength by his mane," she says. A mane tells a lioness whether a male is a good protector for the pride. For male lions, the hairdo warns about any competition they shouldn't mess with.

Of course, the mane by itself doesn't give the animal "top lion" status—but having a longer, darker one doesn't hurt!

A lion family huddles together in Kenya's Maasai Mara National



No Mane? No Problem!

In the sweltering, bone-dry region of Tsavo in Kenya, a country in Africa, some male lions don't have any manes at all. "Where there's no rain, there's no mane," says researcher Bruce Patterson of the Field Museum of Natural History in Chicago, Illinois.

Patterson wasn't sure if the manes were missing because of the scorching heat, an unhealthy diet, or simply because the region was a tough neighborhood where lions viciously fought over food and females. How could he figure out the one cause?

The scientist came up with a

clever solution: zoos. Captive lions in the United States eat the same food, have all the water they need, and live in similar habitats. "The only thing that's different is where they live—meaning, the climate," Patterson says.

After traveling to 17 U.S. zoos, he found that a whopping 50 percent of the variation in manes was caused by the different cli-

mates. In hot climates, the big cats developed thin, scraggly manes; in cold-weather spots, they grew big, bushy ones.

The lions in that part of Kenya have adapted to their harsh climate by shedding most of their manes. To show dominance, they'll sport a Mohawk, thick sideburns, or a hairy bib. "In this habitat, you don't need a huge mane to be the most impressive lion," Patterson says. "You just need to look more impressive than the guy next to you."

Patterson predicts that other lions will start to do the same as the Earth's temperature climbs because of global warming. But the maneless lions in Tsavo prove that the animals can overcome great challenges. "If we can give them enough space," Patterson says, "lions are certainly tough enough to take care of themselves."



region of Kenya searches for prey.









Savanna

What advice would a lion cub give on living the good life? We imagine the tips a feline might give another cub in the pride.

WAIT YOUR TURN

Meals are a rough-and-tumble affair, so it's best to hang back until everyone else is done eating before digging in. Let Dad go first, then Mom—that means you're last.



USE YOUR NOSE



Lost? Take a whiff of the nearest shrub. Older males in your pride mark the plants around your home by leaving their scent on them. The familiar smells mean your family is close by. Don't recognize the odor? Some other lions might be trying to claim your territory. So get away—fast!

Your siblings and parents really don't mind when you jump on their backs and bite their necks. That's also good practice for when you hunt on your own. Just be sure to play early in the morning or late at night when it's cooler.



CONQUER YOUR FEAR OF HEIGHTS





check out these bizarre roadside attractions from around the globe.

BY ELISABETH DEFFNER

Eiffel Tower? Great Pyramid?

Please. These unusual landmarks definitely would be something to write home about on your next vacation. Take a look at some postcard-worthy attractions.

LARRY THE LOBSTER

Kingston South East, Australia Tourists hoping to spot Larry the Lobster from their cars don't need to worry about accidentally missing him. After all, the 56-foot-tall spiny lobster towers over the passing vehicles. Larry is one of Australia's "Big Things"—a series of giant tourist attractions along the country's roads. With all the attention, Larry has really come out of his shell.

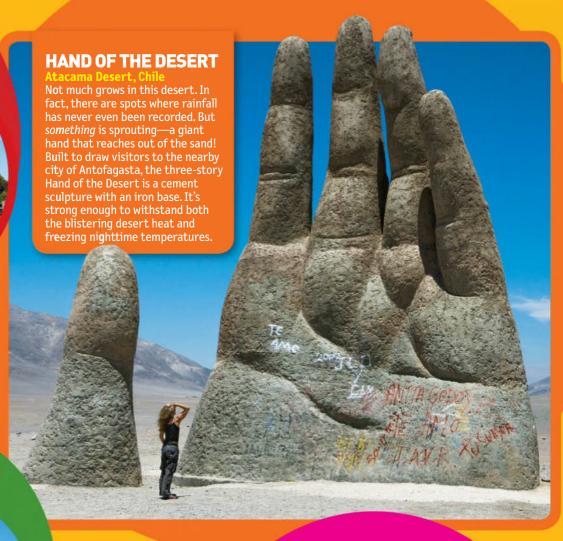
PORCELAIN DRAGON

Some people ring in the new year with fireworks or noisemakers. But many Asian countries that celebrate the lunar new year (often called Chinese New Year) make it a tradition to build a giant sculpture out of porcelain dishware. This dragon—a symbol of good luck in Chinese culture—is made of more than 2,800 plates, bowls, spoons, and cups attached to a metal frame about as long as a blue whale





PLATES, SPOONS, BOWLS!





Headington, EnglandJust when you thought it was safe to go into the attic ... a shark plunges through the roof! Two cranes lifted the shark over the house and lowered it into a hole that fit the creature's body perfectly. The shark has survived all kinds of predators, including hurricanes and complaints from neighbors. Good thing—it's not like the fish can swim away!













In this silly illustration, two kayakers are exploring Olympic National Park in Washington State. Join the fun by finding the 28 items listed below.

ANSWERS ON PAGE 34

1 compass 3 raccoons 1 bear

3 owls

1 slug

1 hawk 2 tents 3 deer

2 kayaks 2 bald eagles

2 frogs 4 mountain goats 1 marmot

1 puma 1 wolf

TRAIL

CHECK OUT THE BOOK!

Wheth world?

CHECK OUT THIS BOOK!

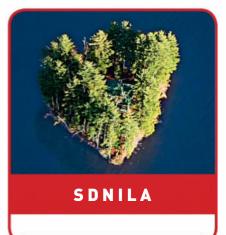
HEART-TO-HEART

These photos show close-up and faraway views of things that are heart-shaped. Unscramble the letters to identify what's in each picture. Feel the love?

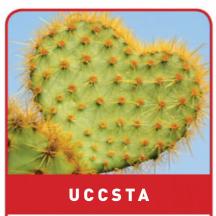
ANSWERS ON PAGE 34



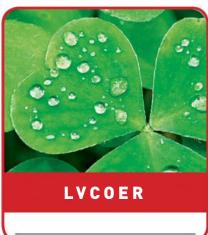




















SIGNS OF THE TIMES

Seeing isn't always believing.
Two of these funny signs are
not real. Can you figure out
which two are fake?
ANSWERS ON PAGE 34

















below in the photographs. Write the letter of the correct photo next to each animal's name.

ANSWERS ON PAGE 34

- 1. hare
- 3. eel
- 4. deer
- 5. owl
- 7. tiger
- 8. praying mantis
- 9. fish
- 11. bat

*HINT: A colugo is similar to a flying squirrel.





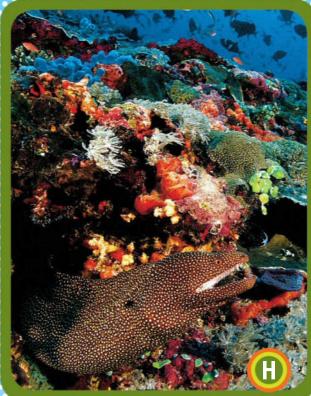






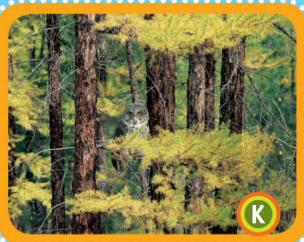














"HE CAN ONLY FIND SEVEN OF HIS SHOES."



"PULL OVER, SPEEDY."



"JOEY AND TEDDY LOVE MY NEW HOODIE."



"IF YOU DON'T STOP PLAYING POSSUM, YOU'RE GOING TO MISS THE SCHOOL BUS!"

<u>Answers</u>

8'1' 6' E' 10' E' 11' B' J. C, 2. J, 3. H, 4. A, 5. K, 6. D, 7. G, "Find the Hidden Animals" (page 32): Signs 2 and 4 are fake. "Signs of the Times" (page 31): bleeding heart flower.

row: cookie cutters, peacock feather, row: cactus, barn owl, clover. Bottom Top row: swans, island, book. Middle "What in the World?" (page 29):





"I WISH YOU WOULD EAT LIKE OTHER SEA OTTERS."



From the November 2016 Issue

I think I found a new hiding spot!

Alexandra K., 10 Knightdale, North Carolina

Now that I'm in, how do I get out?

Joseph B., 10 Blaine, Minnesota

I hope that car doesn't need this!

Zoe K., 9 Fishers, Indiana

Like my new yoga pose? It's called the stuck panda.

Cetari W., 13 Clatskanie, Oregon Whoever gets me out gets extra bamboo for dinner.

Ben F., 10 Needham, Massachusetts

It looked easy when the kids did it ...

Keerthana K., 11 Katy, Texas

I should have gone around!

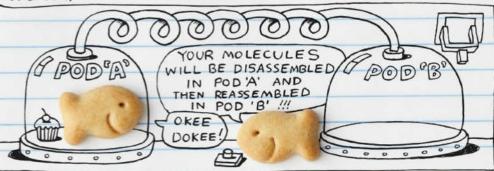
Gavin G., 12 Knoxville, Tennessee

Oh, come on! I thought I ordered extra large!

Riley A., 9 Sherman Oaks, California

THE ADVENTURE OF COLLECTIONS

ONE DAY, DR. PROFESSOR WAS TESTING HIS TRANSPORT MACHINE ...



WHAT THE DOCTOR DIDN'T REALIZE IS THAT HIS
TEST SUBJECT HAD A VANILLA CUPCAKE IN THE POD, TOO!





