LOOK INSIDE: ANIMAL CARDS! NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC ittle

THE MAGAZINE FOR YOUNG EXPLORERS

PARENTS' AWARD



November / December 2014



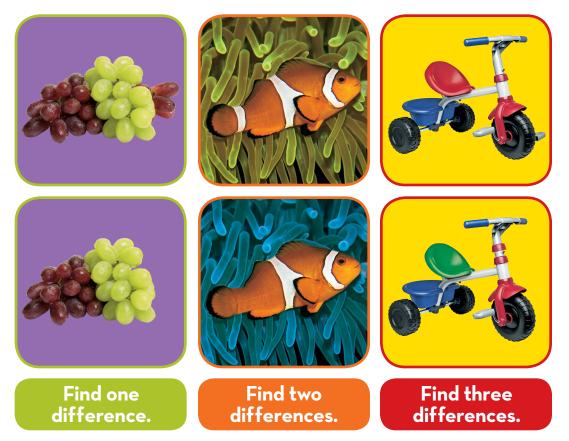
Why do you think giraffes have long necks?

Giraffes eat leaves. Their long necks help them reach leaves growing high in trees.



What Is Different?

Look at each picture in the top row. Find the differences between it and the one below.





That's Cool!

Meet the walrus.

Walruses live in the ocean in the far north, where it is usually very cold.

> A walrus has two long teeth called tusks.

It uses its tusks to help pull itself out of the water onto floating ice.

What in the World Are These?



NAME SOME OTHER **BLUE** THINGS.



WHITE FOX of the North

Arctic foxes live where winters are long and cold. Their thick, white coats of fur keep them warm and safe. White fur helps the arctic fox blend in with the snow so that enemies have a hard time seeing it.

© STEVEN J. KAZLOWSKI / ALAMY (BIG PICTURE); © NHPA / SUPERSTOCK (TWO FOXES)

NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC

An arctic fox digs to catch small animals that scurry underneath ice and snow.





When an arctic fox curls up for a nap, it uses its fluffy, long tail to cover its face like a blanket.

© STEVEN KAZLOWSKI / NATURE PICTURE LIBRARY (WHITE ARCTIC FOXES, BOTH); © WILD WONDERS OF EUROPE / JENSEN / NATURE PICTURE LIBRARY (BIG PICTURE); © FLPA / ALAMY (BABY FOXES) As winter ends, the fox's white coat disappears. Brown fur grows in its place. By the time spring and summer arrive, baby foxes are born.

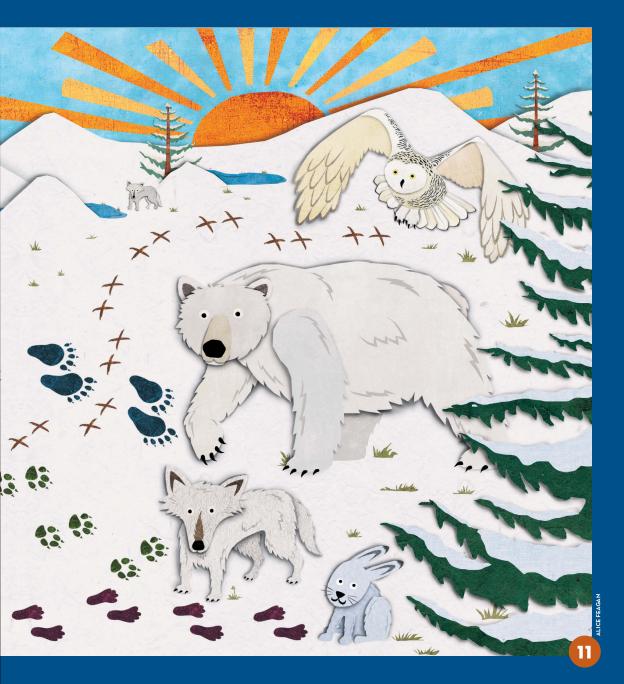
BABY FOXES

MATCHING

ANIMAL TRACKS

Follow the four paths to match the animals with their footprints.

How many arctic foxes can you count in this picture?





GIANT TORTOISE

The Galápagos giant tortoise is huge.

It is so big that you could lie across an adult's shell on your tummy and not touch the ground.

About 20,000 Galápagos tortoises live in the wild.

These tortoises can live to be more than 100 years old.

The oldest Galápagos tortoise may have lived to be over 170 years old.

These giant tortoises live on islands called the Galápagos.

100-YEAR-OLD

FIVE-YEAR-OLD

NATIONAL GEOGRAPHIC

A tortoise sleeps up to 16 hours every day. A Galápagos tortoise can live for a year without eating or drinking.

> The tortoises move around slowly on their four big legs. They eat grass, leaves, and cactuses.

Other TORTOISES

SPIDER TORTOISE

There are many different kinds of tortoises. Here are just a few.

PLOUGHSHARE TORTOISE

RADIATED TORTOISE

GEOMETRIC TORTOISE





Look at the pictures below. Find the same objects in the photo at right. Circle them with your finger.



For more fun, find all the **trees.** Then find all the **penguins.** Which objects are **brown?**





MISSING TAIL

A GECKO GROWS

A gecko is a kind of lizard. Sometimes an enemy grabs a gecko's tail. The tail falls off, and the gecko can run away.



A NEW TAIL

NEW TAI

It does not hurt the gecko when its tail falls off. The gecko's tail begins to grow back.

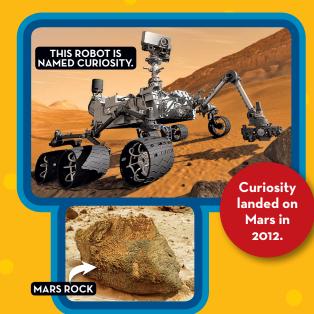
Soon the gecko's new tail will look as good as its old tail!

Can you think of other animals that have tails?



EXPLORING MARS

Mars is a planet. Sometimes you can see Mars in the night sky. It is very far away. Mars is one of eight planets that travels around the sun.



Scientists sent a robot called a rover to Mars. The rover is named Curiosity.

Curiosity is exploring Mars. It sends messages back to Earth about rocks and other things it finds on Mars.

It takes about eight months for a spaceship to travel from Earth to Mars.



IDENTIFYING



It's a Snow

. It's

looks out the

JACK



and **E**S. Jack grabs his

He slides down a hill. His

chases after him. Jack builds a

He puts a Property and the second

on its head.

Brr, it's cold. Jack and his dog

go inside. Time

What do you like to do when it snows?

for

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harp seal

FUN FACTS

Harp seal babies like this one are called pups. Harp seal pups are born with yellow fur. Their fur turns white after a few days.



Daisy Gilardini / Getty Images





<mark>red-necked pademelon</mark>

red-necked pademelon

FUN FACTS

This kind of pademelon lives in the forests of Australia. It carries its baby in a pouch like a kangaroo. Pademelons eat grass, leaves, fruit, and bark.



© Jean-Paul Ferrero / Minden Pictures





spotted porcupine fish

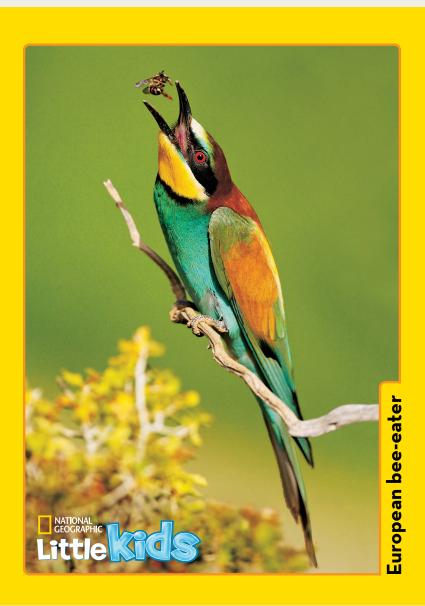
FUN FACTS

Porcupine fish have sharp points called spines on their bodies. A porcupine fish puffs up like a balloon and sticks out its spines so enemies won't eat it.



© Alex Mustard / Nature Picture Library





European bee-eater

FUN FACTS

These birds eat bees and other insects. Bee-eaters dig burrows, or holes, and build their nests inside. Both parents take care of the babies, called chicks.



© Olivier Seydoux / Minden Pictures





jaguar

FUN FACTS

Jaguars have spots that help them hide in the forest. They use their strong jaws to catch the animals they hunt.



FRANS LANTING / National Geographic Creative





European mouflon

European mouflon

FUN FACTS

A mouflon is a kind of sheep. Male mouflons, called rams, have big, curved horns. Mouflons grow thick, warm coats in the winter.



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OBSERVATION

Hide-and-Seek

Can you find the mountain hare in this picture?



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