



Roman Numerals Chart

Main Symbols

I = 1

X = 10

C = 100

M = 1,000

V = 5

L = 50

D = 500

$\overline{\text{—}}$ = 1,000 times

I	1
II	2
III	3
IV	4
V	5
VI	6
VII	7
VIII	8
IX	9
X	10
XI	11
XII	12
XIII	13
XIV	14
XV	15
XVI	16
XVII	17
XVIII	18

XIX	19
XX	20
XXX	30
XL	40
XLVIII	48
XLIX	49
L	50
LI	51
LX	60
LXX	70
LXXX	80
XC	90
XCVIII	98
XCIX	99
C	100
CI	101
CXCIX	199
CC	200

CCC	300
CD	400
D	500
DC	600
DCC	700
DCCC	800
CM	900
M	1,000
MM	2,000
MMXIII	2013
MMXIV	2014
MMXV	2015
MMM	3,000
$\overline{\text{IV}}$	4,000
$\overline{\text{V}}$	5,000
$\overline{\text{X}}$	10,000
$\overline{\text{M}}$	1 million
$\overline{\overline{\text{M}}}$	1 billion

Hints and tips

- 1, 2 & 3 are simply I, II & III
- 4 is IV (1 less than 5)
- 5 is V
- 6, 7 & 8 are VI, VII & VIII (5+1, 5+2 & 5+3)
- 9 is IX (1 less than 10)
- 10 is X
- The pattern repeats for higher numbers: for 10 to 100 use X, V & C; for 100 to 1,000 use C, D & M.
- There is no place value
- A horizontal line above a symbol increases its value by 1,000 times