## Additional Problems For Self Practice (APSP)

## **PART - I : PRACTICE TEST PAPER**

# This Section is not meant for classroom discussion. It is being given to promote self-study and self testing amongst the Resonance students.

#### Max. Marks : 120 Important Instructions :

Max. Time : 1 Hr.

- 1. The test is of 1 hour duration and max. marks 120.
- 2. The test consists **30** questions, **4 marks** each.
- **3.** Only one choice is correct **1 mark** will be deducted for incorrect response. No deduction from the total score will be made if no response is indicated for an item in the answer sheet.
- 4. There is only one correct response for each question. Filling up more than one response in any question will be treated as wrong response and marks for wrong response will be deducted accordingly as per instructions 3 above.

1.	If Johnson has 4 formal shirts with different colours and 5 formal trousers with different colours then in how many ways he can wear his dress in different colour.							
	(1) 9	(2) 20	(3) <sup>5</sup> C <sub>4</sub>	(4) 4 <sup>5</sup>				
2.	If the sum of factorial k is	s of consecutive 'k' natur	al number is a three digi	t number then maximum value of				
	(1) 3	(2) 4	(3) 5	(4) 6				
3.	In how many ways ca	n Mr. X call 4 friends out	of his 10 friends for dinr	er				
	(1) 210	(2) 250	(3) 180	(4) None of these				
4.	In how many ways 1 but Yuvi & Dinesh alv		d out of 20 players if Vira	at and Dhoni are always selected				
	(1) <sup>18</sup> C <sub>11</sub>	(2) <sup>16</sup> C <sub>9</sub>	(3) <sup>19</sup> C <sub>10</sub>	(4) <sup>20</sup> C <sub>9</sub>				
5.	In an examination a student has to write 6 papers and has to pass in each paper to pass the exam. In how many ways a student can fail in the exam ?							
	(1) 31	(2) 64	(3) 63	(4) 32				
6.		shed in 5 days and avail		y ways workforce can be selected n and 8 women. If workforce has				
	(1) 240	(2) 220	(3) 210	(4) None of these				
7.	In a party 10 students	s gave gift to each other t		gifts distributed are				
	(1) <sup>10</sup> C <sub>2</sub>	(2) 2. <sup>10</sup> C <sub>2</sub>	(3) $\frac{({}^{10}C_2)}{2}$	(4) 10 <sup>2</sup>				
8.	4 are on other straigh	t line which is parallel to	the 1 <sup>st</sup> straight line	e on a straight line and remaining				
	(1) 23	(2) 24	(3) 18	(4) 16				
9.		ong with its 2 diagonals ,						
	(1) 6	(2) 9	(3) 8	(4) 10				
10.		gonals then its number o						
	(1) 12	(2) 10	(3) 11	(4) 13				

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11.	In how many ways 10 identical objects can be arranged in a straight line 10!									
	(1) 10 !	(2) 2	(3) 10	(4) <sup>10</sup> C <sub>10</sub>						
12.	In how many ways ca	n 7 students be arranged	d on 10 chairs in a row.							
	(1) <sup>10</sup> P <sub>7</sub>	(2) 7!	(3) <sup>10</sup> C <sub>7</sub>	(4) $\frac{10!}{7!}$						
13.	In how many ways 20 (1) 20 !	person be arrange in a (2) 18 ! × 2	voting line if person A, wa (3) 19!	ants to vote before person B (4) 10(19!)						
14.	as wicket keeper and	there is exactly one wick	can be made out of 15 p tet keeper in the sequence (3) (11!) ( <sup>2</sup> C <sub>1</sub> + <sup>13</sup> C <sub>10</sub> )							
15.	In how many ways 6 person can be seated around a circular table if person A and B always sit in from each other									
	(1) 120	(2) 60	(3) 24	(4) 720						
16.	In how many ways 5 b	boys & 4 girls can sit arou	und a circular table havin	g 9 chairs numbered from 1 to 9. 9!						
	(1) 5 ! × 4!	(2) 9!	(3) 4! × 4!	(4) $\frac{9!}{2}$						
17.	• •	host and 10 guest can wants to sit on wooden		e having 1 wooden and 10 fiber (11!)						
	(1) 10!	(2) 11!	(3) 2(10!)	(4) $\frac{(11!)}{2}$						
18.	Find the number of wa	ays in which 15 same co		be arranged to form a necklace						
	(1) 14!	(2) $\frac{(14!)}{2}$	(3) $\frac{15!}{2}$	(4) None of these						
19.			s of the word "SOCIETY							
	1			·						
	(1) (7!) × $\frac{1}{2}$	(2) 6!	(3) 7(6!)	(4) 5(6!)						
20.	How many words can 10!	be formed from all the le 9!	etters of the word "CREA 9(9!)	TIVITY" not starting with c						
	(1) $\frac{10!}{2!2!}$	(2) 2!2!	(3) 2!2!	(4) None of these						
21.	How many three digit repetition.	numbers greater than 3	00 can be formed from th	ne digits 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, & 5 without						
	(1) 60	(2) 120	(3) 80	(4) 100						
22.	How many 4 digit eve (1) 360	n numbers can be forme (2) 320	d from the digits 0, 1, 2, 4 (3) 120	4, 3, 7, 9 without repetition (4) 200						
23.	If all the words from a find the rank of the wo (1) 66		CIRCLE" are arranged a	ccording to dictionary format then						
24										
24.	• •	f rings on finger are not t (2) 4 <sup>5</sup>	• •	hber of rings can be wear on any (4) 5!						
25.			distributed among 5 stud (3) 20 <sup>5</sup>							

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26.	In how many ways a Father can distribute 15 distinct toys equally among his 3 childrens ?									
		15!	15!	15!						
	(1) <sup>15</sup> C <sub>3</sub> × 3!	(2) $\overline{3!(5!)^3}$	(3) $(5!)^3$	(4) $\overline{3(5!)^3}$						
27.	<b>27.</b> Find the number of non-negative integral solutions of equation $x + y + z + w = 10$									
	(1) <sup>14</sup> C <sub>4</sub>	(2) <sup>13</sup> C <sub>3</sub>	(3) 4 <sup>10</sup>	(4) 10 <sup>4</sup>						
28.	How many ways can we put 4 different letters in 4 different addressed envelopes if no letter goes to correct envelope except one									
	(1) 24	(2) 8	(3) 6	(4) 9						
29.		s atleast one fruit be sele one apple is always ther	-	4 oranges and 6 Apples if one Mango,						
	(1) 60	(2) 120	(3) 90	(4) 119						
30.	Find total number	of divisors of 1000								
	(1) 9	(2) 10	(3) 15	(4) 16						

#### Practice Test (JEE-Main Pattern) OBJECTIVE RESPONSE SHEET (ORS)

Que.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Ans.										
Que.	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Ans.										
Que.	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
Ans.										

#### **PART - II : PRACTICE QUESTIONS**

1.Let S =  $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ , Then total number of unordered pairs of disjoint subsets of S is equal to<br/>(1) 25(2) 34(3) 42(4) 41

$$\left(\frac{\mathbf{n}+\mathbf{1}}{\mathbf{n}+\mathbf{1}}\right)$$

- 2. If total number of runs scored in n matches is (4)  $(2^{n+1} n 2)$  where n > 1 and the runs scored in the k<sup>th</sup> match are given by k.  $2^{n+1-k}$ , where  $1 \le k \le n$ , then the value of n is (1)5 (2) 6 (3) 3 (4) 7
- Number of different squares of any size (side of square be natural no.) which can be made from a rectangle of size 15 × 8, is (1) 456
   (2) 120
   (3) 228
   (4) None of these
- 4. Number of natural number upto one lakh, which contains 1,2,3, exactly once and remaining digits any time is -
  - (1) 2940(2) 2850(3) 2775(4) 2680
- 5. Given six line segments of length 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 units, the number of triangles that can be formed by these segments is
  - (1)  ${}^{6}C_{3} 7$  (2)  ${}^{6}C_{3} 6$  (3)  ${}^{6}C_{3} 5$  (4)  ${}^{6}C_{3} 4$

6.	from the letters whi appearing in the even	ch appear without repe n numbered positions are	tition in the word "MA" taken from the letters	odd numbered positions are taken THEMATICS". Further the letters which appear with repetition in the etter word can be formed is: (4) none					
7.	in a row for dinner. Th	e grand children wish to	occupy the n seats at eac	nd children. They are to be seated ch end and the grandfather refuses the family be made to sit ? (4) (2n)! (m!) <sup>2</sup>					
8.	& vowels are alternat	e is		NOLULU" in which consonants					
	(1) 840	(2) 144	(3) 900	(4) 26					
9.	Number of words that order of vowels is -	t can be formed using th	ne letters of the word "H	ONOLULU", without changing the					
	(1) 840	(2) 144	(3) 900	(4) 26					
10.	Number of words that together but U's are s	•	ne letters of the word "H	IONOLULU", in which two O's are					
	(1) 840	(2) 144	(3) 900	(4) 26					
11.	Number of ways in which all the letters of the word "ALASKA " can be arranged in a circle distinguishing between the clockwise and anticlockwise arrangement, is :								
	(1) 60	(2) 40	(3) 20	(4) none of these					
12.	The sum of all 4 dig allowed) is	it numbers that can be t	formed by using the dig	its 2,4,6,8 (repetition of digits not					
	(1) 133320	(2) 533280	(3) 53328	(4) None of these					
		COMPR	EHENSION						
Com	prehension # 1 (Q.13 to	o 14)							
	Let an denote the nu consecutive digits in	mber of all n-digit positi	number of such n-digit ir	he digits 0,1 or both such that no ntegers ending with digit 1 and					
13.	Which of the following	g is correct ?							
	(1) a <sub>17</sub> = a <sub>16</sub> + a <sub>15</sub>	(2) $C_{17} \neq C_{16} + C_{15}$	(3) b17 ≠ b16 + C16	(4) $a_{17} = c_{17} + b_{16}$					
14.	The value of b₀ is (1) 7	(2) 8	(3) 9	(4) 11					
Com				bers a committee of 5 members is					
15.	Number of committee (1) 363	es consisting of 3 official (2) 336	and 2 non-official memb (3) 236	ers, are (4) 326					
16.	Number of committee (1) 456	es consisting of at least t (2) 546	wo non-official member (3) 654	s, are (4) 466					
17.	Number of committee	es in which a particular of	fficial member is never i	ncluded, are					
		-							

## Permutation and Combination

•	(1) 26			(2) 64			(3) 26	66		(4) 46	52		
Comp	Let n vowe so th	be the i Is appea	number ir at the e s R, S, 9	even pla	in whicl	h the lett m be the the ord	e numbe	r of ways	s in whic	h "RESC	DNANCE	E" can be	arrang
18.	The value of n is (1) 360 (2) 720						(3) 24	40		(4) 84	40		
19.	The v (1) 37	alue of 780	m is	(2) 38	370		(3) 30	670		(4) 37	760		
20.	The exponent of 5 in n! is (1) 88 (2) 178						(3) 3	58		(4) None of these			
					ASSE	RTION	I/REA	SONIN	IG				
	CTIONS	5:											
	Each	questic	on has 4	choice	s (1), (2	), (3) and	d (4) ou	t of whic	ch ONL	Y ONE is	s correc	:t.	
				ts are tru								-II is fals	e.
	(3) St	atement	-I is fals	e, but St	atemen	t-II is tru	ie. (4) B	oth the s	tatemen	its are fa	lse.		
			( )										
			(n²	)!									
	•		(n!)	) <sup>n</sup> is an i	. ,	- 1.)							
21.		ment-I	:	' is an i	nteger (	n ∈ I⁺).							
			: Numbe	er of way	s to div	ide m +	n distinc	t objects	s into two	o groups	of sizes	m and r	n is
	(m+												
	m!	n!											
			N										
	ĮAP	<u> </u>	Ansv	vers	5)==								
						PA	ART - I						
1.	(2)	2.	(4)	3.	(1)	4.	(2)	5.	(3)	6.	(4)	7.	(2)
8.	(3)	9.	(3)	10.	(1)	11.	(4)	12.	(1)	13.	(4)	14.	(1)
15.	(3)	16.	(2)	17.	(1)	18.	(4)	19.	(3)	20.	(3)	21.	(1)
22.	(2)	23.	(3)	24.	(2)	25.	(1)	26.	(3)	27.	(2)	28.	(2)
29.	(3)	30.	(4)										

29.	(3)	30.	(4)										
				PART - II									
1.	(4)	2.	(4)	3.	(1)	4.	(1)	5.	(1)	6.	(2)	7.	(1)
8.	(2)	9.	(1)	10.	(3)	11.	(3)	12.	(1)	13.	(1)	14.	(2)
15.	(2)	16.	(1)	17.	(4)	18.	(2)	19.	(1)	20.	(2)	21.	(1)