This booklet contains 24 printed pages.

PAPER -1: PHYSICS	CHEMISTRY	& MATHEMATIC	S
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Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so. Read carefully the Instructions on the Back Cover of this Test Booklet.



Important Instructions:

- Immediately fill in the particulars on this page of the Test Booklet with Blue/Black Ball Point Pen Use of pencil is strictly prohibited.
- The Answer Sheet is kept inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to spect the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars carefully.
- The test is of 3 hours duration.
- The Test Booklet consists of 90 questions. The maximum marks are 360 4.
- There are three parts in the question paper A, B, C consisting of Physics, Chemistry and 5. Mathematics having 30 questions in each part of equal weightage. Each question is allotted 4 (four) marks for each correct response.
- Candidates will be awarded marks as stated above in instruction No. 5 for correct response of each question. 1/4 (one fourth) marks will be deducted for indicating incorrect response of each question. No deduction from the total score will be made if no response is indicated for an item in the edswer sheet.
- There is only one correct response for each question. Filling up more than one response in each question will be treated as wrong response and marks for wrong response will be deducted accordingly as per instruction 6 above.
- Use Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only for writing variants/marking responses on Side-1 and Side-2 of the Answer Sheet. Use of pencil is said ohibited.
- No candidate is allowed to carry any textual majerial, printed or written, bits of papers, pager, mobile phone, any electronic device, etc., except the Admit Card inside the examination hall/room.
- 10. Rough work is to be done on the spage provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only. This space is given at the bottom of each page and in 3 pages (Pages 21 - 23) at the end of the booklet.
- 11. On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty in the Room/Hall. However, the candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.
- 12. The CODE for this Booker's ... Make sure that the CODE printed on Side-2 of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
- 13. Do not fold or make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet.

15. Do not fold of mark and marks
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nowords From Crose fourty nine lack Two Thousand Sin hundre twenty seven
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Name of Examination Centre (in Capital letters): A ONE SR. SEC SCHOOL, AYAD, UDATPUR
Constitute's Signature: Invigilator's Signature:

PART A - PHYSICS

- 1. Two electric bulbs marked 25W-220V and 100W-220V are connected in series to a 440V supply. Which of the bulbs will fuse?
 - (1) 100W (

(2) 25W

(3) neither

both $\frac{27}{5} \left(\frac{55}{5} \right)$

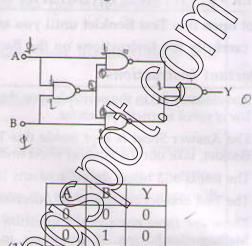
A boy can throw a stone up to a maximum height of 10 m. The maximum horizontal distance that the boy can throw the same stone up to will be:

(1) 10 m

(2) 10 J2 m 7 R UL 100 YZ

(4) 20√2 m

3	Truth table for system of four NAND gates
7 10 1	as shown in figure is :



1

	A	D	Y
(2)	0	0	1
	0	1	1
	1	0	0
	1	1	0

	A	В	Y
(3)	0	0	1
	0	1	0
	1	0	0
	1	1	1

	A	В	Y
	0	0	0
	0	1	1
(19)	1	0	1
	1	1	0

SPACEFOR	ROUGH	WORK
DIRECTION	ROUGI	MOKK

2= Vd = 255 5100

30 (-18

220×274 220×274 220×274 20×274 4. This question has Statement 1 and Statement 2. Of the four choices given after the Statements, choose the one that best describes the two Statements.

Statement 1: Davisson - Germer experiment established the wave nature of electrons.

Statement 2: If electrons have wave nature, they can interfere and show diffraction.

(1) Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is false

- (2) Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is the correct explanation for Statement 1
- (3) Statement 1 is true Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is not the correct explanation of Statement 1
- (4) Statement 1 is false, Statement 2 is

In Young's double slit experiment, one of the slit is wider than other, so that the amplitude of the light from one slit is double of that from other slit. If I_m be the maximum intensity, the resultant intensity. I when they interfere at phase difference ϕ is given by :

- (1) $\frac{I_m}{3} (1+2\cos^2\frac{\phi}{2})$ $I_m = 91$
- (2) $\frac{I_{\rm m}}{5}$ (1+4cos² $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1$
 - $\begin{array}{cccc}
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If a simple pendulum has significant amplitude (up to a factor of 1/e of original) only in the period between t=0s to $t=\tau s$, then τ may be called the average life of the pendulum. When the spherical bob of the pendulum suffers a retardation (due to viscous drag) proportional to its velocity, with 'b' as the constant of proportionality, the average life time of the pendulum is (assuming damping is small) in seconds:

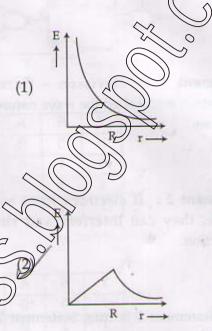
- (1) b
- (2) $\frac{1}{b}$
- (3) $\frac{2}{b}$
- (4) $\frac{0.693}{b}$

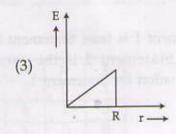
SPACE FOR ROUGHWORK $T_{n} = UI + I = 5I \quad T_{n} = I \quad (3I)^{n}$ $I = UI + I + 2(2I) \cos \phi$ $3I \cos \phi$

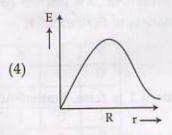
This question has Statement 1 and Statement 2. Of the four choices given after the Statements, choose the one that best describes the two Statements. If two springs S₁ and S₂ of force constants k₁ and k₂, respectively, are streched by the same force, it is found that more work is done on spring S1 than on spring S2. Statement 1: If stretched by the same amount, work done on S1, will be more than that on S2 Statement 2: k₁ < k₂ Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is (1)false. Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is

- (2) Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is the correct explanation of Statement 1.
- (3) Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is **not** the correct explanation of Statement 1.
- (4) Statement 1 is false, Statement 2 is true.
- 8. An object 2.4 m in front of a lens forms a sharp image on a film 12 km behind the lens. A glass plate 1 cm thick, of refractive index 1.50 is interposed between lens and film with its plane faces parallel to film. At what distance (from lens) should object be shifted to be in sharp focus on film?
 - (1) 2.4 70
 - (2) 32 m
 - (8) C 6.6 M
 - 73 m

In a uniformly charged sphere of total charge Q and radius R, the electric field E is plotted as a function of distance from the centre. The graph which would correspond to the above will be:











- 10. A coil is suspended in a uniform magnetic field, with the plane of the coil parallel to the magnetic lines of force. When a current is passed through the coil it starts oscillating; it is very difficult to stop. But if an aluminium plate is placed near to the coil, it stops. This is due to:
 - (1) induction of electrical charge on the plate
- (2) shielding of magnetic lines of force as aluminium is a paramagnetic material.
 - (3) electromagnetic induction in the aluminium plate giving rise to electromagnetic damping.
 - (4) development of air current when the plate is placed.

A spectrometer gives the following reading when used to measure the angle of a prism

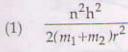
Main scale reading: 58.5 degree

Vernier scale reading: 09 divisions

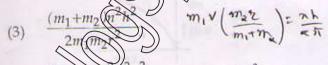
Given that 1 division on main scale corresponds to 0.5 degree. Total divisions on the vernier scale is 30 and match with 29 divisions of the main scale. The angle of the prism from the above data:

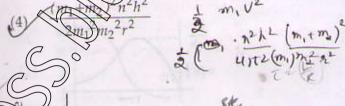
- (1) 58. 77 de res
- (2) 58.65 degree
- (3) 59 degree
- (4) 58 (59) degree

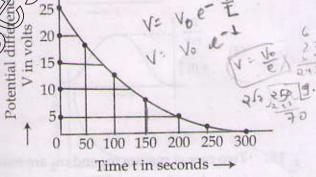
A diatomic molecule is made of two masses m₁ and m₂ which are separated by a distance r. If we calculate its rotational energy by applying Bohr's rule of angular momentum quantization, its energy will be given by (n is an integer)





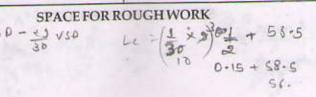




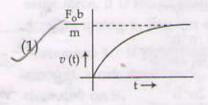


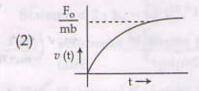
The figure shows an experimental plot for discharging of a capacitor in an R-C circuit. The time constant τ of this circuit lies between :

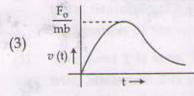
- (1) 0 and 50 sec
- (2) 50 sec and 100 sec
- (3) 100 sec and 150 sec
- (4) 150 sec and 200 sec

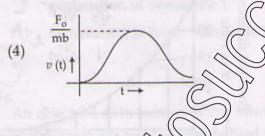


14. A particle of mass m is at rest at the origin at time t = 0. It is subjected to a force $F(t) = F_0 e^{-bt}$ in the x direction. Its speed v(t) is depicted by which of the following curves?

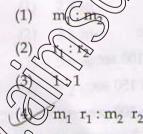








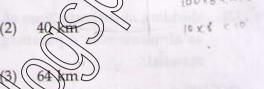
15. Two cars of masses m, and m₂ are moving in circles of radii r₁ and r₂, respectively. Their speeds are such that they make complete circles in the same time t. The ratio of their completal acceleration is:

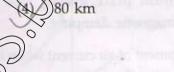




A radar has a power of 1 kW and is operating at a frequency of 10 GHz. It is located on a mountain top of height 500 m. The maximum distance upto which it can detect object located on the surface of the earth (Radius of earth = 6.4 × 10⁶ m) is:







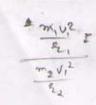
Assume that a neutron breaks into a proton and an electron. The energy released during this process is:

(Mass of neutron =
$$1.6725 \times 10^{-27}$$
 kg

Mass of proton =
$$1.6725 \times 10^{-27}$$
 kg

Mass of electron =
$$9 \times 10^{-31}$$
 kg)

(1) 7.10 MeV
$$n \longrightarrow l + \epsilon^-$$



SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

$$\frac{m_1 s_2}{s_2 m_3} \left(\frac{R_1}{s_3} \right)^2 \frac{m_1^2}{16 \left(\frac{231}{231} \right)} = \frac{231 \times 10^{-15}}{(CI \times 10^{-20})}$$

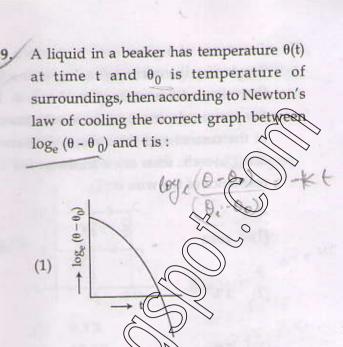
18. This question has Statement 1 and Statement 2. Of the four choices given after the Statements, choose the one that best describes the two Statements.

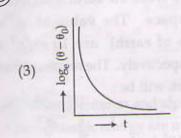
An insulating solid sphere of radius R has a uniformly positive charge density ρ . As a result of this uniform charge distribution there is a finite value of electric potential at the centre of the sphere, at the surface of the sphere and also at a point out side the sphere. The electric potential at infinity is zero.

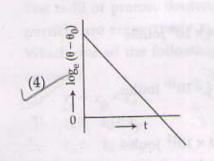
Statement 1: When a charge 'q' is taken from the centre to the surface of the sphere, its potential energy changes by $\frac{q\rho}{3\epsilon_0}$

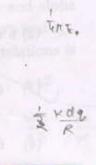
Statement 2: The electric field at a distance r (r<R) from the centre of the sphere is $\frac{\rho r}{3\epsilon_0}$

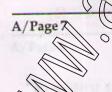
- (1) Statement 1 is true Statement 2 is false.
- (2) Statement 1 is false Statement 2 is true.
- (3) Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is the correct explanation of Statement 1.
- (4) Statement 1 is true, Statement 2, is true; Statement 2 is **not** the correct explanation of Statement 1.









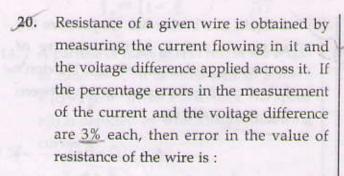


SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

B Q & P1 417 p3

3 thre, (2R3)

3 KO2 - K42



- (2) 1%
- (3) 3%
- (4) 6%

21. The mass of a spaceship is 1000 kg. It is to be launched from the earth's surface out into free space. The value of and 'R' (radius of earth) are 10 m/s and 6400 km respectively. The required energy for this work will be:

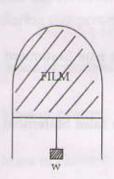
- (1) 6.4×10^8 Joole
- (2) 6.4 × 10 Julys
- (3) 6.0 × 10 Joules

 0.1×10^{11} Joules

22. A cylindrical tube, open at both ends, has a fundamental frequency, f, in air. The tube is dipped vertically in water so that half of it is in water. The fundamental frequency of the air-column is now:

- (1) $\frac{f}{2}$
- (2) 3f/4
- (3) 2f
- (4)

A hin liquid film formed between a U-shaped wire and a light slider supports a weight of 1.5×10^{-2} N (see figure). The length of the slider is 30 cm and its weight negligible. The surface tension of the liquid film is:



25 (30×10⁻²) = 1.5 × 10⁻¹

25 (30×10⁻²) = 1.5

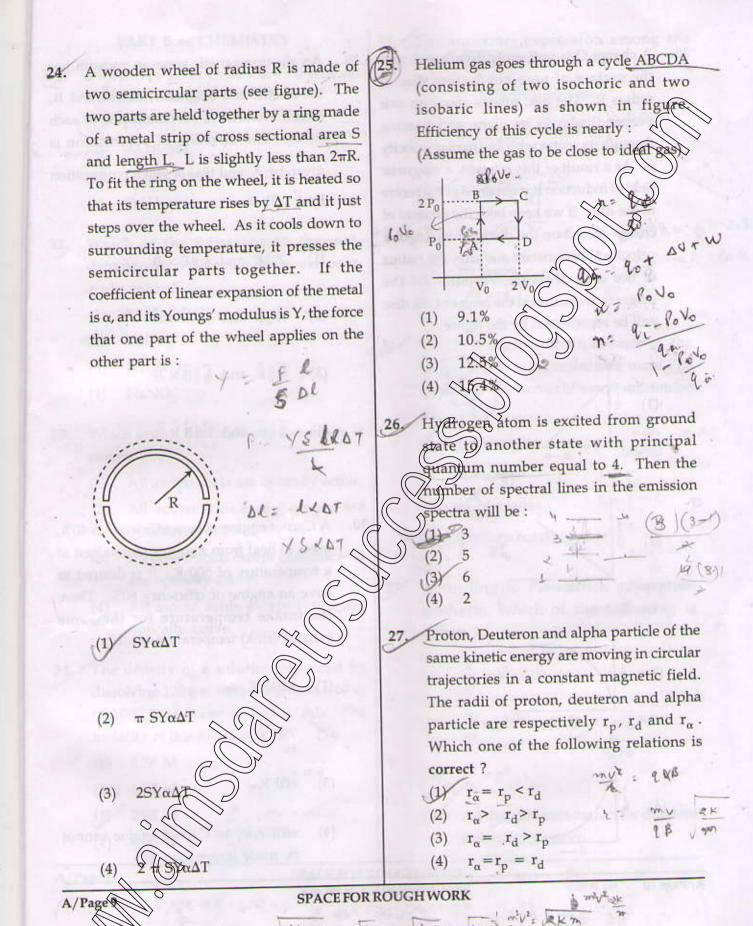
25 (30×10⁻²) = 1.5

- (1) 0.1 Nm⁻¹
- (2) 0.05 Nm⁻¹
- (3) 0.025 Nm⁻¹
- (4) 0.0125 Nm⁻¹

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

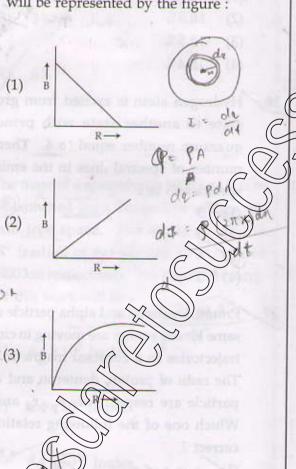
1 x . 9 : «1

#: 1 ×100 0× \$ ×10 × \$ 4000 × 10

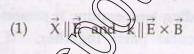


28.

A charge Q is uniformly distributed over the surface of non- conducting disc of radius R. The disc rotates about an axis perpendicular to its plane and passing through its centre with an angular velocity ω . As a result of this rotation a magnetic field of induction B is obtained at the centre of the disc. If we keep both the amount of charge placed on the disc and its angular velocity to be constant and vary the radius of the disc then the variation of the magnetic induction at the centre of the disc will be represented by the figure :



29. An electromagnetic wave in vacuum has the electric and magnetic fields \vec{E} and \vec{B} , which are always perpendicular to each other. The direction of polarization is given by \vec{X} and the of wave propagation by \vec{k} . Then:



(2) $|\vec{k}| |\vec{E} \times \vec{B}|$

$$X \parallel \vec{E}$$
 and $\vec{k} \parallel \vec{B} \times \vec{E}$

- (4) $\vec{X} \parallel \vec{B}$ and $\vec{k} \parallel \vec{B} \times \vec{E}$
- 30. A Carnot engine, whose efficiency is 40%, takes in heat from a <u>source</u> maintained at a temperature of 500 K. It is desired to have an engine of efficiency 60%. Then, the intake temperature for the same exhaust (sink) temperature must be:
 - (1) 1200 K
 - (2) 750 K
 - (3) 600 K
 - (4) efficiency of Carnot engine cannot be made larger than 50%

SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

 $R \longrightarrow$

PART B - CHEMISTRY

31. 2 - Hexyne gives trans - 2 - Hexene on treatment with:

(1) Li/NH3

- Pd/BaSO4
- Li AlH₄
- Pt/H2 (4)
- Which of the following on thermal-32. decomposition yields a basic as well as an acidic oxide?
 - (1) KClO₃
 - CaCO₃ (2)
 - (3) NH₄NO₃
 - NaNO₃ (4)
- Which one of the following statements is 33. correct?
 - All amino acids are optically active. (1)
 - All amino acids except glycine are (2) optically active.
 - All amino acids except glutamic acids (3) are optically active.
 - All amino acids except lysine are optically active.
- The density of a solution prepared by dissolving 120 g of urea (mol. mass = 60 u) in 1000 g of water (15 1 15 g/mL. The molarity of this solution
 - (1) 1.78 M

1120 X 100 1.02 M

The incorrect expression among the following is:

In isothermal process,

 $w_{\text{reversible}} = -nRT \ln \frac{1}{V_i}$

 ΔS_{total}

hain isomer of the Which branched 36. hydrocarbon with molecular mass 72u gives only one isomer of mono substituted alkyl halide

peopentane

Isohexane

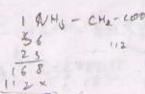
- Neohexane
 - Tertiary butyl chloride

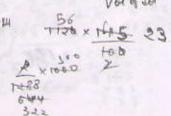
According to Freundlich adsorption isotherm, which of the following is correct?

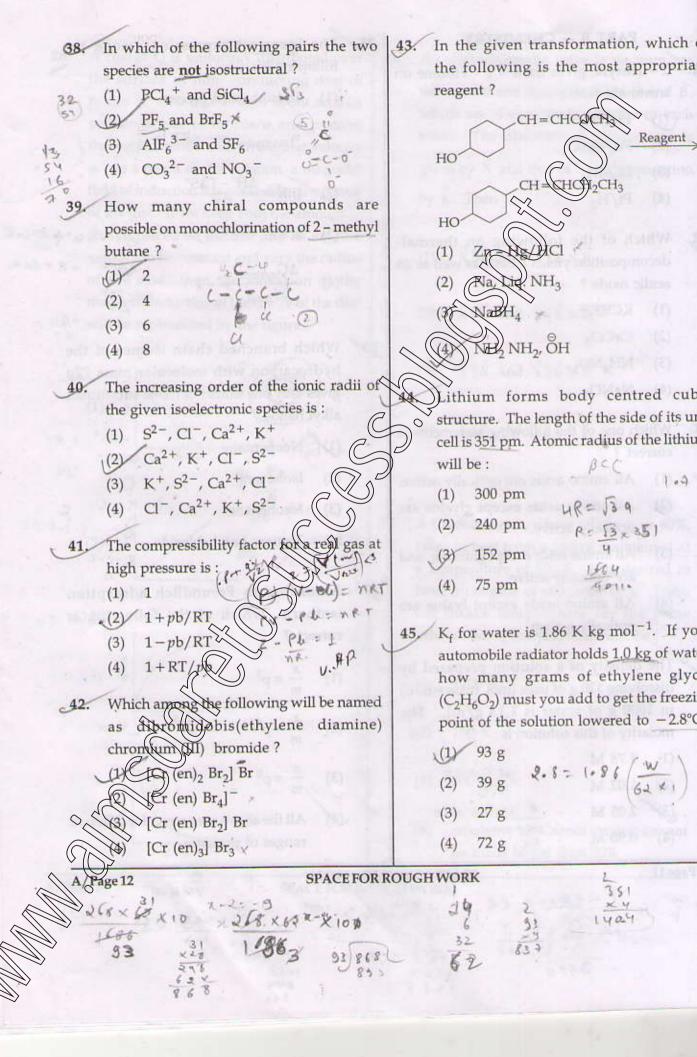
(1) $\frac{x}{m} \propto p^1$

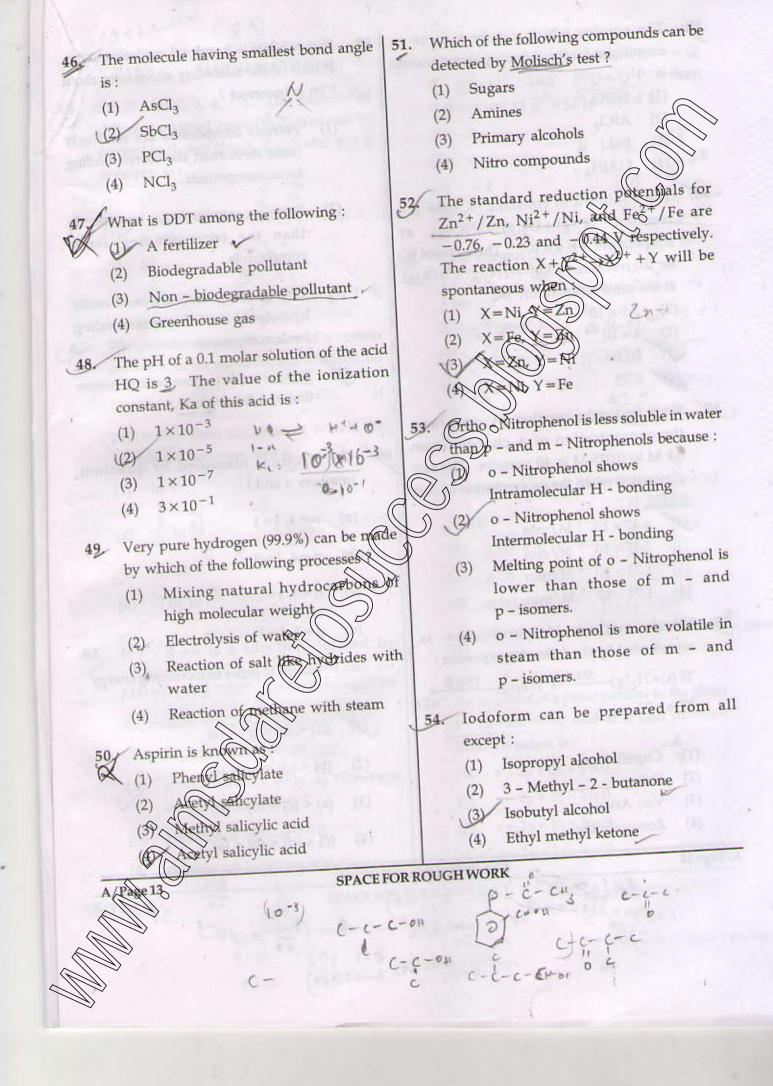
- All the above are correct for different ranges of pressure.

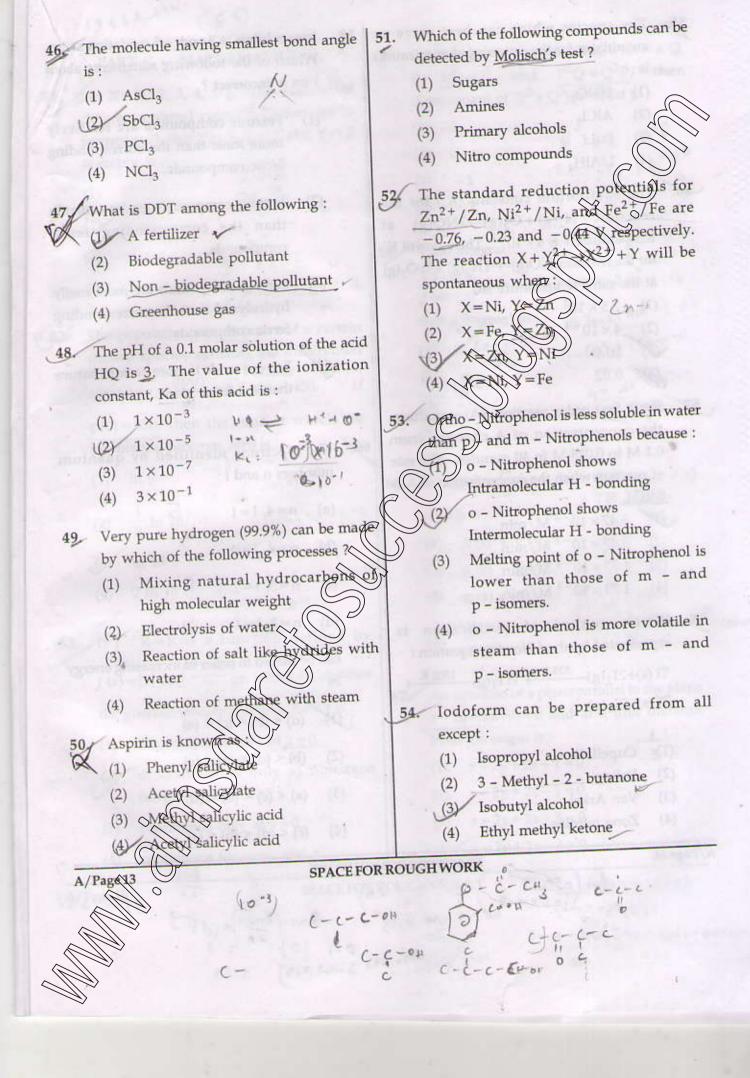
SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK A/Page X

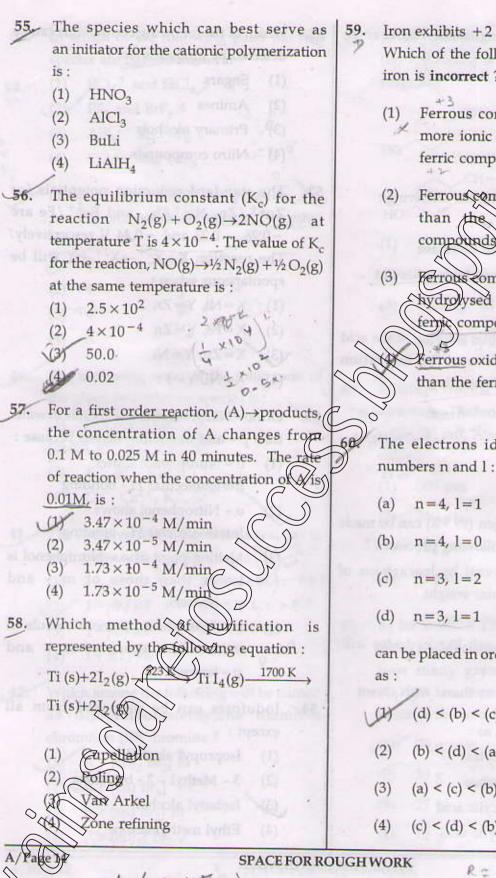












Iron exhibits +2 and +3 oxidation states Which of the following statements about iron is incorrect?

> Ferrous compounds are relatively more ionic than the corresponding ferric compounds

Ferrous compounds are less volatile corresponding ferric compounds

ferrous compounds are more easily hydrolysed than the corresponding ferric compounds.

> errous oxide is more basic in nature than the ferric oxide.

The electrons identified by quantum numbers n and 1:

(b)
$$n=4, 1=0$$

(d)
$$n=3, l=1$$

can be placed in order of increasing energy

(2) (b)
$$<$$
 (d) $<$ (a) $<$ (c)

(3)
$$(a) < (c) < (b) < (d)$$

(4) (c)
$$<$$
 (d) $<$ (b) $<$ (a)

PART C - MATHEMATICS

- 61. Let X = {1, 2, 3, 4, 5 }. The number of different ordered pairs (Y, Z) that can be formed such that Y ⊆ X, Z ⊆ X and Y ∩ Z is empty, is:
 - (1) 3^5
- 770
- (2) 25
 - 3) 53
- (4) 5²
- 1-73,45,1
- The population p(t) at time t of a certain mouse species satisfies the differential equation $\frac{dp(t)}{dt} = 0.5 p(t) 450.$ If

p(0) = 850, then the time at which the population becomes zero is:

- (1) ln 9
 - 1) In 9
- (2) $\frac{1}{2} \ln 18$
- (3) In 18
- (4) 2 ln 18
- 63. If $f: R \rightarrow R$ is a function defined by

 $f(x) = [x] \cos\left(\frac{2x-1}{2}\right)\pi$, where [x] denotes

the greatest integer function, then f is:

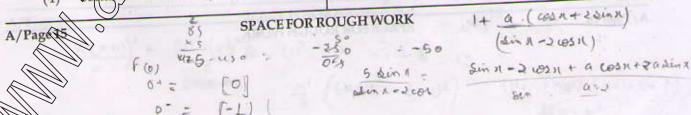
- (1) discontinuous or x = 0.
- (2) discontinuous only at non-zero integral value of x.
 - (3) continuous only at x=0.
 - (4) commutations for every real x.

- 64. Let P and Q be 3×3 matrices with $P \neq Q$.

 If $P^3 = Q^3$ and $P^2Q = Q^2P$, then determinant of $(P^2 + Q^2)$ is equal to:
 - (1) 1
 - (2) 0
 - (3) -1
 - (4) -2
 - 65. If the integral

 $\int \frac{5 \tan x}{\tan x - 2} dx = x + a \ln \left| \sin x - 2 \cos x \right| + k$ then a is equal to $\int \frac{5 \tan x}{\tan x - 2} dx = x + a \ln \left| \sin x - 2 \cos x \right| + k$

- 1) -2 (tann) (tann)
- (2) 1 (3) 2
- 5+ d+ (1+12)(+-2)
- $66 \quad (x) = \int_0^x \cos 4t \, dt, \quad \text{then} \quad g(x + \pi)$
 - (1) $g(x) + g(\pi)$ $g(x \in \mathbb{R})$
 - (2) $g(x) g(\pi)$
 - (3) $g(x).g(\pi)$ $g(x) = cox^{-1}$
 - (4) $\frac{g(x)}{g(\pi)}$
- An equation of a plane parallel to the plane x-2y+2z-5=0 and at a unit distance from the origin is:
 - $(1) \quad x 2y + 2z + 1 = 0$
 - (2) x-2y+2z-1=0
 - (3) x-2y+2z+5=0
 - (4) x 2y + 2z 3 = 0



- A spherical balloon is filled with $4500~\pi$ cubic meters of helium gas. If a leak in the balloon causes the gas to escape at the rate of $72~\pi$ cubic meters per minute, then the rate (in meters per minute) at which the radius of the balloon decreases 49 minutes after the leakage began is:
 - (1) 7/9

TLOOLN = V

- (2) 2/9
- DI CF : YO
- (3) 9/2
- (4) 9/7
- 69. If the line 2x+y=k passes through the point which divides the line segment joining the points (1, 1) and (2, 4) in the ratio 3:2, then k equals:
 - (1) 5
 - (2) 6
 - (3) 11/5
 - (4) 29/5
- 70. Let \hat{a} and \hat{b} be two wait vectors. If the vectors $\vec{c} = \hat{a} + 2$ and $\vec{d} = 5\hat{a} 4\hat{b}$ are perpendicular to each other, then the

angle between and b is:

- (1) = 502-406+2006-8
- (2) 4 T

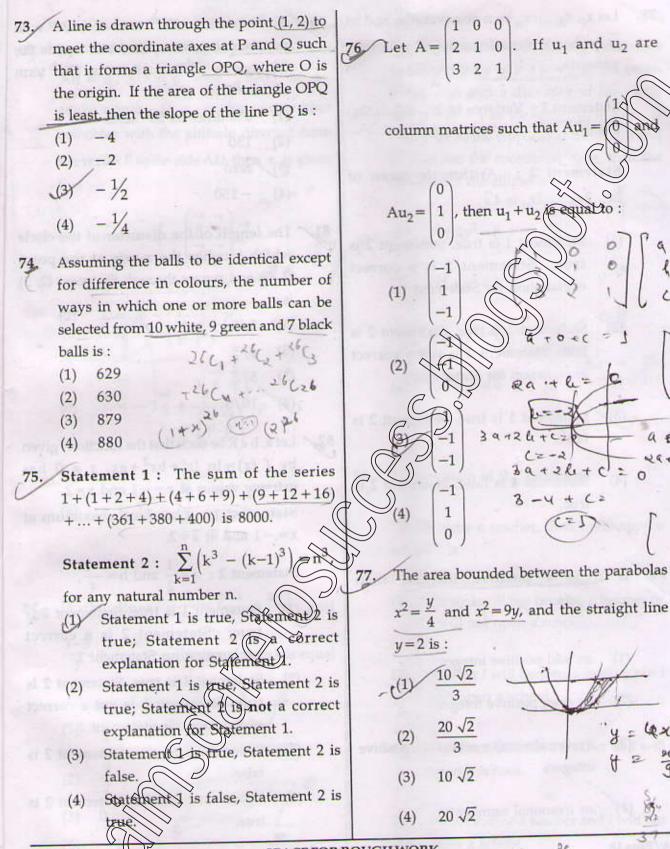
71. Statement 1: An equation of a common tangent to the parabola $x^2 = 16\sqrt{3} x$ and the ellipse $2x^2 + y^2 = 4$ for $2x + 2\sqrt{3}$.

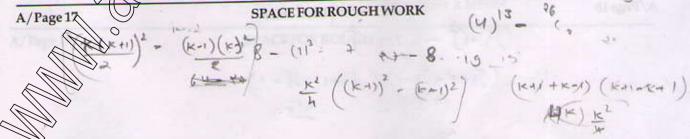
Statement 2: If the kin $y = mx + \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{m}$ (m \neq 0) is a common tangent the pararola $y = 16\sqrt{3}x$ and the ellipse x = 4, then m satisfi x = 4.

Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 three, Statement 2 is a correexplanation for Statement 1.

- Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 true, Statement 2 is **not** a correct explanation for Statement 1.
- (3) Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 false.
- Statement 1 is false, Statement 2 true.
- 72. Three numbers are chosen at rando without replacement from { 1, 2, 3, ..., 8 The probability that their minimum is given that their maximum is 6, is:
 - (1) $\frac{1}{5}$
 - (2) $\frac{1}{4}$
 - (3) $\frac{2}{5}$
 - $(4) \frac{3}{8}$

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Statement 1: Variance of $2x_1, 2x_2, \dots, 2x_n$ is $4 \sigma^2$.

Statement 2: Arithmetic mean of $2x_1, 2x_2, x_1, 2x_n$ is $4\overline{x}$.

- (1) Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is a correct explanation for Statement 1.
- (2) Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is true, Statement 2 is **not** a correct explanation for Statement 1.
- (3) Statement 1 is true, Statement 1 false.
- (4) Statement 1 is false, Statement 2 is true.

79 If n is a positive integer, then $(\sqrt{3}+1)^{2n}$ is:

- (1) ar odd positive integer
 - (2) an even positive integer

rational number other than positive integers

an irrational number

- 80. If 100 times the 100th term of an AP with non zero common difference equals to 50 times its 50th term, then the 150th term of this AP is:
 - (1) 150 times its for term
 - (2) 150
 - (3) zero
 - (4) -15
 - 81 The length of the diameter of the cir which touches the x-axis at the po (2) and passes through the point (2)
 - (1) 3/5
 - (2) 6/5
 - (3) 5/3
 - (4) 10/3
 - Let a, $b \in R$ be such that the function f gi by $f(x) = \ln |x| + bx^2 + ax$, $x \ne 0$ extreme values at x = -1 and x = 2.

Statement 1: f has local maximum x = -1 and at x = 2.

Statement 2: $a = \frac{1}{2}$ and $b = \frac{-1}{4}$.

- Statement 1 is true, Statement true; Statement 2 is a con explanation for Statement 1.
 - (2) Statement 1 is true, Statement true; Statement 2 is not a co explanation for Statement 1.
 - (3) Statement 1 is true, Statement false.
 - (4) Statement 1 is false, Statemen true.

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- 83. Let ABCD be a parallelogram such that $\overrightarrow{AB} = \overrightarrow{q}$, $\overrightarrow{AD} = \overrightarrow{p}$ and $\angle BAD$ be an acute angle. If \overrightarrow{r} is the vector that coincides with the altitude directed from the vertex B to the side AD, then \overrightarrow{r} is given by:
 - (1) $\overrightarrow{r} = -\overrightarrow{q} + \begin{pmatrix} \overrightarrow{p}, \overrightarrow{q} \\ \overrightarrow{p}, \overrightarrow{p} \end{pmatrix} \overrightarrow{p}$
 - (2) $\overrightarrow{r} = \overrightarrow{q} \begin{pmatrix} \overrightarrow{p}, \overrightarrow{q} \\ \overrightarrow{p}, \overrightarrow{q} \\ \overrightarrow{p}, \overrightarrow{p} \end{pmatrix} \overrightarrow{p}$
 - (3) $\overrightarrow{r} = -3\overrightarrow{q} + \frac{3\overrightarrow{p} \cdot \overrightarrow{q}}{\overrightarrow{p} \cdot \overrightarrow{p}} \xrightarrow{\overrightarrow{p}} \overrightarrow{p}$
 - (4) $\overrightarrow{r} = 3\overrightarrow{q} \frac{3(\overrightarrow{p}, \overrightarrow{q})}{(\overrightarrow{p}, \overrightarrow{p})}\overrightarrow{p}$
- 84. If the lines $\frac{x-1}{2} = \frac{y+1}{3}$ and $\frac{x-3}{1} = \frac{y-k}{2} = \frac{z}{1}$ intersect then sequal to:
 - (1) $\frac{2}{9}$
 - (2) $\frac{9}{2}$
 - (3)
 - (4)

- 85. An ellipse is drawn by taking a diameter of the circle $(x-1)^2 + y^2 = 1$ as its semi-minor axis and a diameter of the circle $x^2 + (y-2)^2 = 4$ as its semi-major axis the centre of the ellipse is at the right and its axes are the coordinate axes then the equation of the ellipse is:
 - $(1) \quad x^2 + 4y^2 = 8$
 - (2) $4x^2 + y^2 = 6$
 - (3) $x^2 + 4x^2 + 4x^2$
- 14/2 + y2
- 86. The negation of the statement

"If I become a teacher, then I will open a school", is:

- (1) Either I will not become a teacher or I will not open a school.
- (2) Neither I will become a teacher nor I will open a school.
- (3) I will not become a teacher or I will open a school.
- (4) I will become a teacher and I will not open a school.

Statement 1: f'(4)=0

Statement 2: f is continuous in [2, 5], differentiable in (2, 5) and f(2) = f(5).

- Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is (1) true; Statement 2 is a correct explanation for Statement 1.
- Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is (2) true; Statement 2 is not a correct explanation for Statement 1.
- Statement 1 is true, Statement 2 is
- Statement 1 is false, Statement 2 true.
- If $z \neq 1$ and $\frac{z^2}{z-1}$ is real, then the point 88. represented by the complex number z lies:
 - on a circle with centre at the origin. (1)
 - either on the real axis or on a circle not passing through the origin.
 - on the maginary axis. (3)
 - either on the real axis or on a circle bassing through the origin.

89. The equation $e^{\sin x} - e^{-\sin x} - 4 = 0$ has:

(2) no real roots.

- exactly one real
- exactly four real roots. (3)
- infinite number of real roots.

PQR, if $3 \sin P + 4 \cos Q = 6$ a $Q+3 \cos P=1$, then the angle F equal to:

- (2)

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