

A. electron B. positron C. proton D. neutron 12. The function of graphite and the control rods in a nuclear reactor are A. to produce neutrons and to shield the reactor B. to slow down the neutrons and to absorb the excess neutrons respectively C. to absorb the excess neutrons and to shield the reactor respectively D. to absorb neutrons and to reduce the energy of the neutrons respectively 13. In the first observed nuclear reaction, $_7N^{14}$ was bombarded with α -particles. The reaction could be represented as $_{7}N^{14} + _{2}He^{4} = X + _{1}H^{1}$ The element in this reaction is A. ${}_{8}O^{17}$ C. ₈N¹⁷ B. ${}_{8}F^{17}$ 14. In a Bucherer's experiment, the specific charge of some β parameters is found to be 1/4th of the value determined by J.J. Thomson. The speed of these β particles B. $\sqrt{15/4}$ c A. $\sqrt{5/4}$ c C. 1/4 c D. c 15. When the mass is rotating in a plane about a fixed point, its angular momentum is directed along A. the radius B. the tangent to orbit C. line at an angle of 45° to the plane of D. the axis of rotation. rotation 16. A photo-cell with a constant p.d. of V volts across it, is illuminated by a point source from a distance 25 cm. When the source is moved to a distance of 1 m, the electrons emitted by the photo-cell A. carry 1/4th their previous energy B. are 1/16th as numerous as before C. are 1/4th as numerous as before D. carry 1/4th their previous momentum 17. A convex lens of focal length 40 cm is in contact with a concave lens of focal length 25 cm. The power of combination A. -1.5D -615D C. 1.5 D D. 6.5 D 18. A prism splits a beaut of white light into its seven constituent colours. This is so because A. phase of different colour is different B. amplitude of different colours is different C. energy of different colours is different D. velocity of different colours is different 19. A prism has a refracting angle of 60° when a ray of light is incident on its face at 45° , it suffers minum deviation. The angle of minimum deviation is C. 45° $B_{0}60^{\circ}$ D. 90° 30% A car driver sees an image of a bus in his driving mirror, which has a radius of curvature Am. The bus which is 10 m long, is parallel

to and following the car in front of the bus 18 m from the mirror. The apparent length of the bus as seen in the mirror is

A. 700 mm B. 670 mm C. 800 cm D. 800 mm

21. A single slit of width *d* is placed in the path of a beam of wavelength λ . The angular width of principal maximum obtained is

A. d/λ B. λ/d C. $2\lambda/d$

22. A closed tube, partly filled with a liquid & set horizontal, is rotated about a vertical axis passing through its centre. In the process, the moment of inertia of the system about its axis would

A. increase always

C. remain constant

B. decrease always D. increase if tube is less than half filled, decrease otherwise

23. In an A.C. circuit the instantaneous current through and voltage across a capacitor are represented as I = I₀ sin ($\omega t + \pi/4$) and $v = V_0 \sin (\omega t + \pi/8)$ respectively. The current leads the voltage by

C. $\pi/2$

Α. π /4 Β. 3π /8

D. $\pi/8$

D. $2d/\lambda$

24. A transformer having 2100 turns in the primary and 2200 turns in the secondary has an a.c. source of 120 V, 10 A connected to its primary. Then the secondary voltage and current are A. 240 V and 5 A B. 120 V and 10 A C. 240 V and 10 A D. 120 V and 20 A 25. When a magnet falls through a metal ring acceleration through the metal ring during the free falls is

A. less than *g* throughout its fall

B. less than g when it is above the ring and more than g

when it is below the ring

C. more than g throughout its fall

D. more than g when it is above the ring and less than g when it is below the ring

26. A copper rod is suspended in a non-homogeneous magnetic field region. The rod when in equilibrium, will then align itself

A. in the region where the magnetic field is strongest

B. in the direction in which it was originally suspended

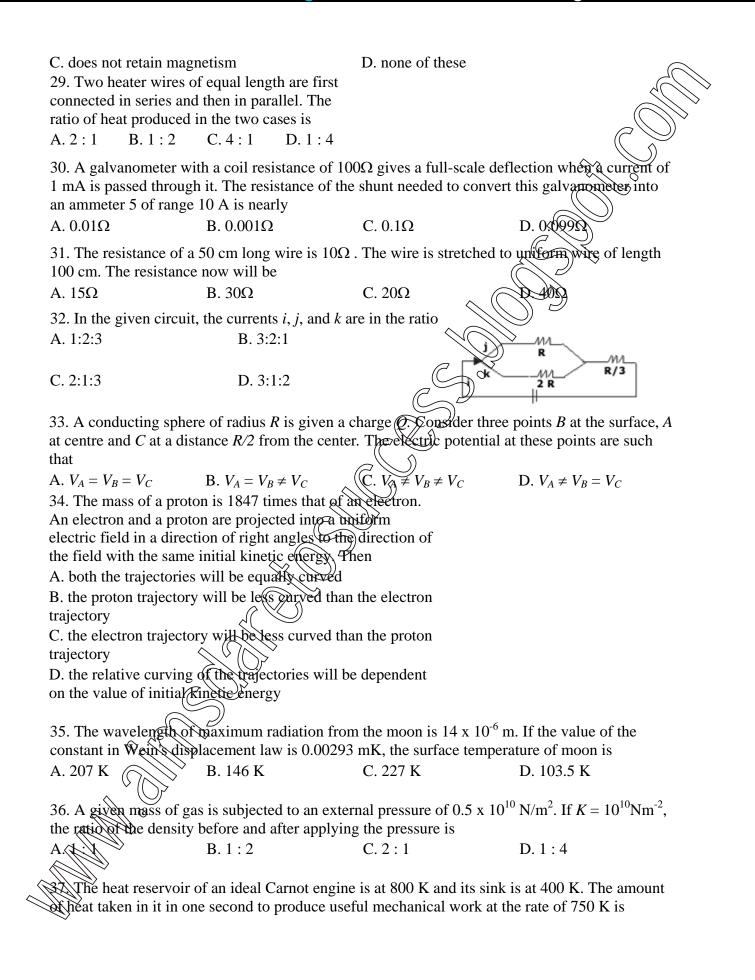
C. in the region where the magnetic field is weakest and parallel to the direction of the magnetic field there

D. none of these

27. The substance which shows permanent magnetism is called

A. anti-terromagnetic B. paramagnetic C. diamagnetic D. ferromagnetic

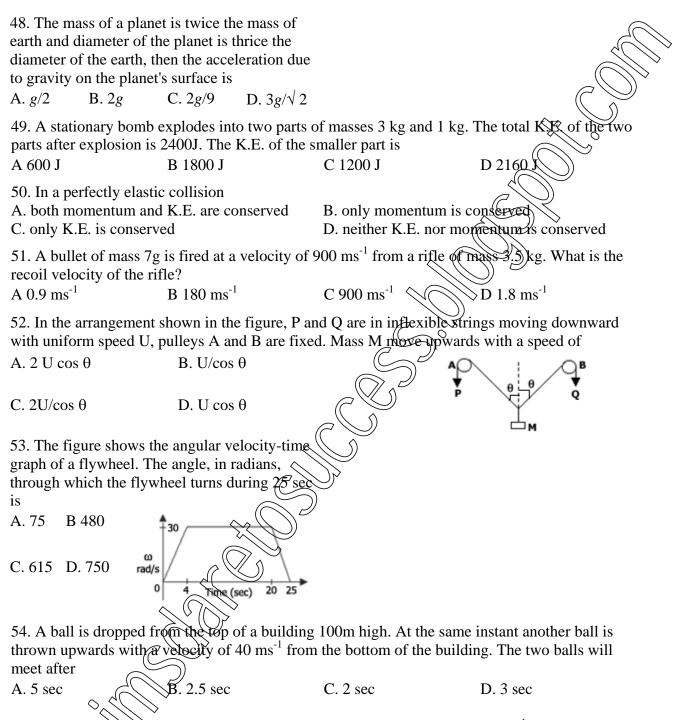
A magnetic substance is heated to 800 K and then cool down slowly to 300 K, then it A retains its magnetism B. retains its magnetism below curie points



//:

A. 2250 J B. 1125 J C. 1500 J D. 750 J
38. A Carnot engine, with its cold body at 17°C
has 50% efficiency. If the temperature of its hot
body is now increased by 145°C, the efficiency
becomes
A. 55% B. 60% C. 40% D. 45%
39. A wire of length 1m increases in length by 10⁴ m when heated through 10⁷ degree celsus.
The coefficient of volume expansion of the wire is
A. 2 x 10⁶ B. 1 x 10⁶ C. 3 x 10⁶ D. 44 00
40. The pitch of a sound wave is related to its
A. frequency B. amplitude C. velocity D. 44 00
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41. A mass *m* is hung to a string. After some time, it was observed that haves *m* moves up from
its initial position; this is due to
A. decrease in B. 32 Nm⁻¹ C. the statement D. change in humidity
42. A light spring of force constant 8 Nm⁻¹ is cut into two ends halves and the two are connected
in parallel; the equivalent force constant of the system
A. 16 Nm⁻¹ B. 32 Nm⁻¹ C NN
43. A light spring of constant k is cut into two ends halves and the two are connected
in metrs and r is time in seconds. This expression a wave
A. travelling with a velocity of 300 m, in the -ve x-
direction
B. of wavelength
$$\pi$$
 metres
C. of frequency 30% hertz
D. of amplitude 10⁴ metric there in a long the positive x-
direction
4. 2 Mavelength π metres
C. of frequency 30% hertz
D. of amplitude 10⁴ metric there in a long the positive x-
direction
4. 00⁴ B. 0 to 0.5 C. -1 to $+1$ D. -0.5 to $+0.5$
We have been of the frequency in a long the positive x-
direction
A. 00⁴ B. 0 to 0.5 C. -1 to $+1$ D. -0.5 to $+0.5$
We have the b. a zero value C. a -ve value D. K.E. less than P.E.

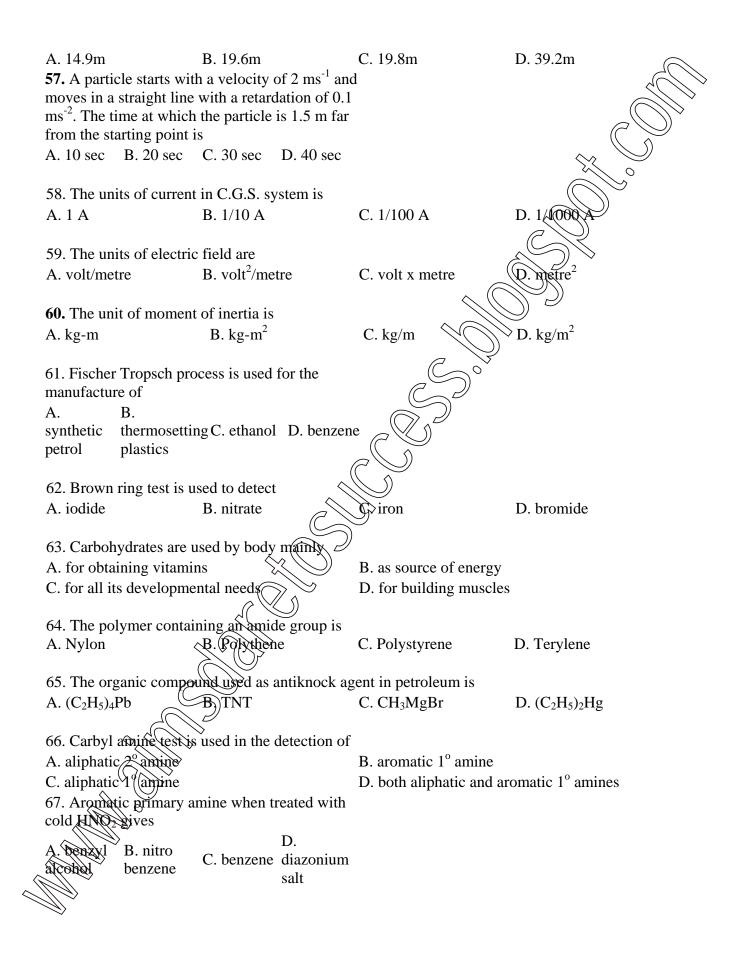
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55. A train accelerating uniformly from rest attains a maximum speed of 40 ms⁻¹ in 20 seconds. It travels at this speed for 20 seconds and is brought to rest with uniform retardation in further 40 seconds. What is the average velocity during this period? B. 40 ms^{-1} C. 25 ms⁻¹ D. 30 ms^{-1}

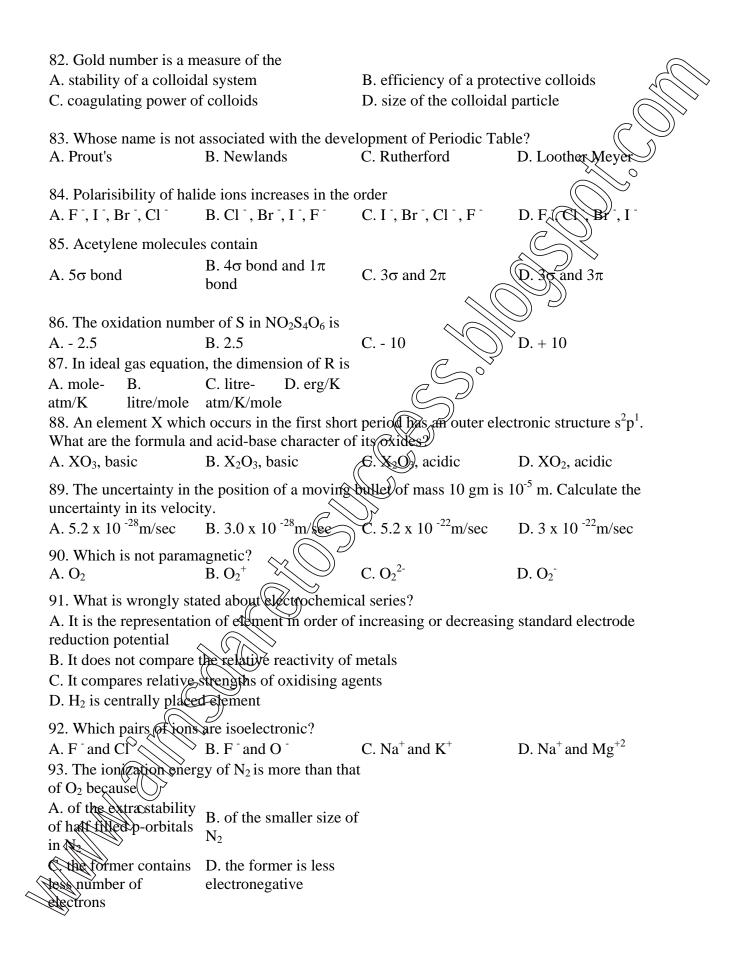
56. Two bodies are held and separated by 19.8m vertically one above the other. They are released simultaneously to fall freely under gravity. After 2 seconds, the relative distance between them is:

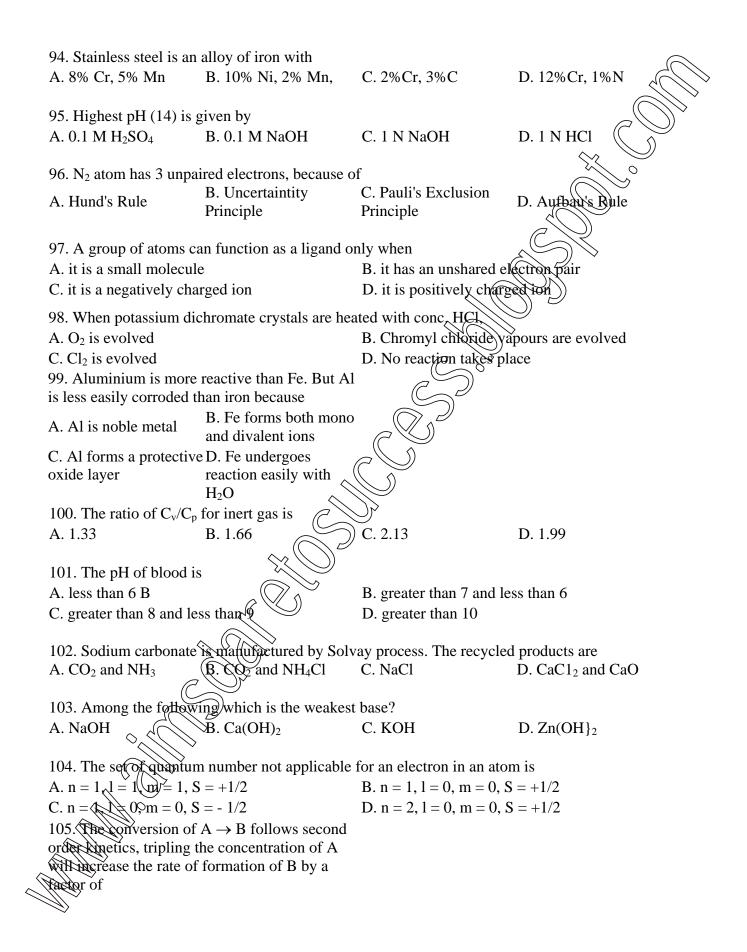
A. 80/3 ms



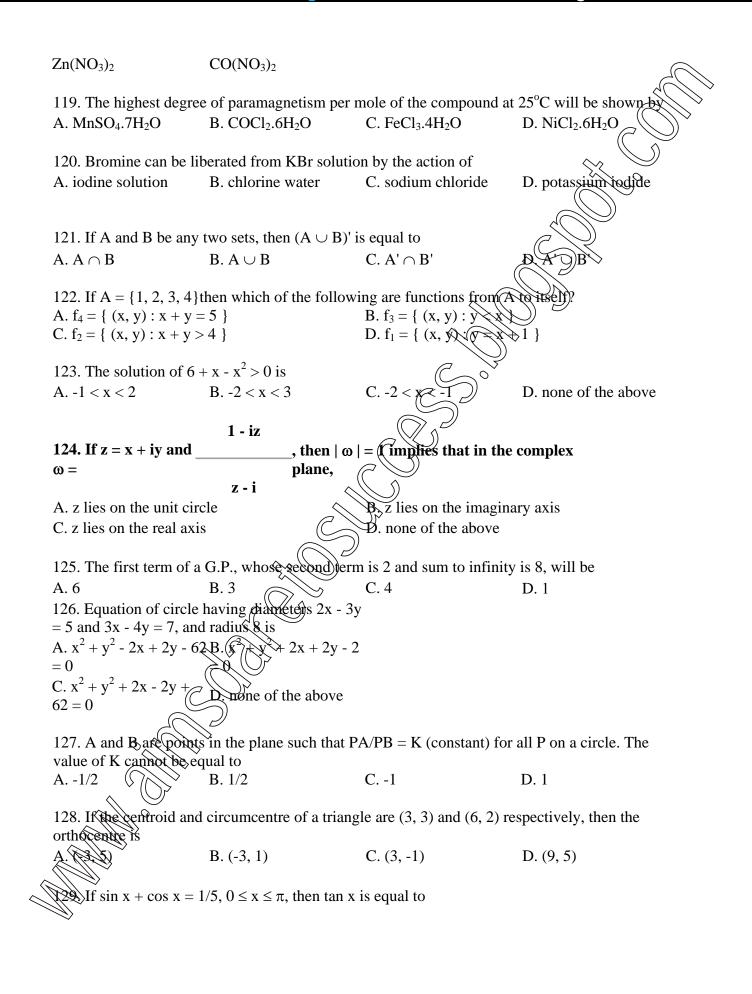
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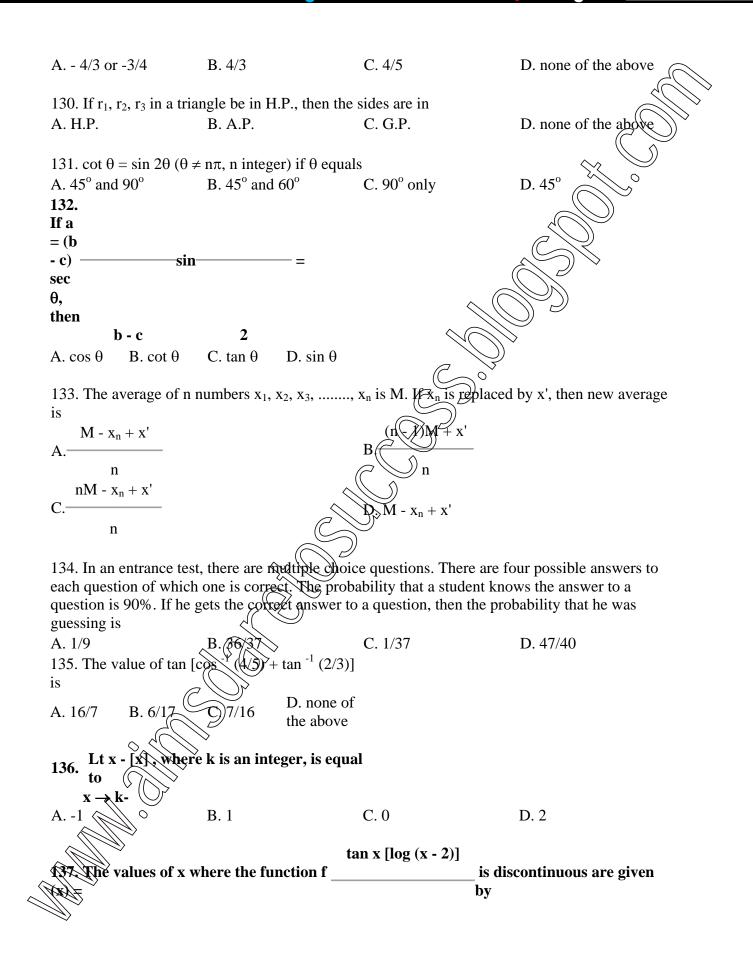
68. Which of petrol	eum corresponds to keros	sene oil?	
A. $C_{15} - C_{18}$	B. C_{10} - C_{12}	C. $C_5 - C_9$	D. $C_1 - C_4$
69. Aldehydes and	ketones can be distinguisl	ned by	
A. bromoform	B. solubility in wate	r C. Tollen's test	D. Mollich test
70. Aspirin is obtain	ned by the reaction of CH	3COCl with	
A. phenol	B. benzoic Acid	C. benzaldehyde	D. salicyfre acid
71. Correct order of	the size of iodine species	s is	
A. $I > I^{-} > I^{+}$	B. $I^- > I > I^+$	C. $I^+ > I > I^-$	DUI
72. Nitrolin is a nar	ne given to		
A. $CaCN_2 + C$	B. Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂	C. Ca(CN) ₂	\mathbf{D} . CalNO ₃) ₂
73. The pair of com	pound, which cannot exit	together, is	
-	•		$2I_3$ D. NaHCO ₃ and NaCl
74 One of the cons	tituents of the german silv	ver is	
A. Ag	B. Cu	C. Me	D. Al
8			
-	nd is optically active?		
A. 4-chloro, l-hydro	-	B 3 ⁹ butyl alcohol	
C. Secondary butyl	amine	n-butyl alcohol	
76. Plumbo solvanc	y implies dissolution of l	ead in	
A. bases	B. acids	C. ordinary water	D. CuSO ₄ sol
		-	
77. Indigo dye belo		C Direct due	D. La ancie due
A. Vat dye	B. Mördant dye	C. Direct dye	D. Ingrain dye
78. Dipole moment	is shown by		
A. 1, 4-dichloro ber	(1)	B. cis, 1, 2-dichloro e	ethane
C. trans, -1, 2-dichl	oro, 2-pentene	D. trans, -1, 2-dichlor	ro ether
79. When acetylene	is passed through H ₂ SO ₄	containing HgSO ₄ , it giv	res
A. ethyl alcohol	B. acetic Acid	C. acetaldehyde	D. ethylene
	which does not leave any	7	
residue on heating,			
	$NO_3 C. CuSO_4 D. AgN$		
	llowing alloys contain on	•	
A Bronže	B. Brass	C. Gun metal	D. Bell metal
\checkmark			

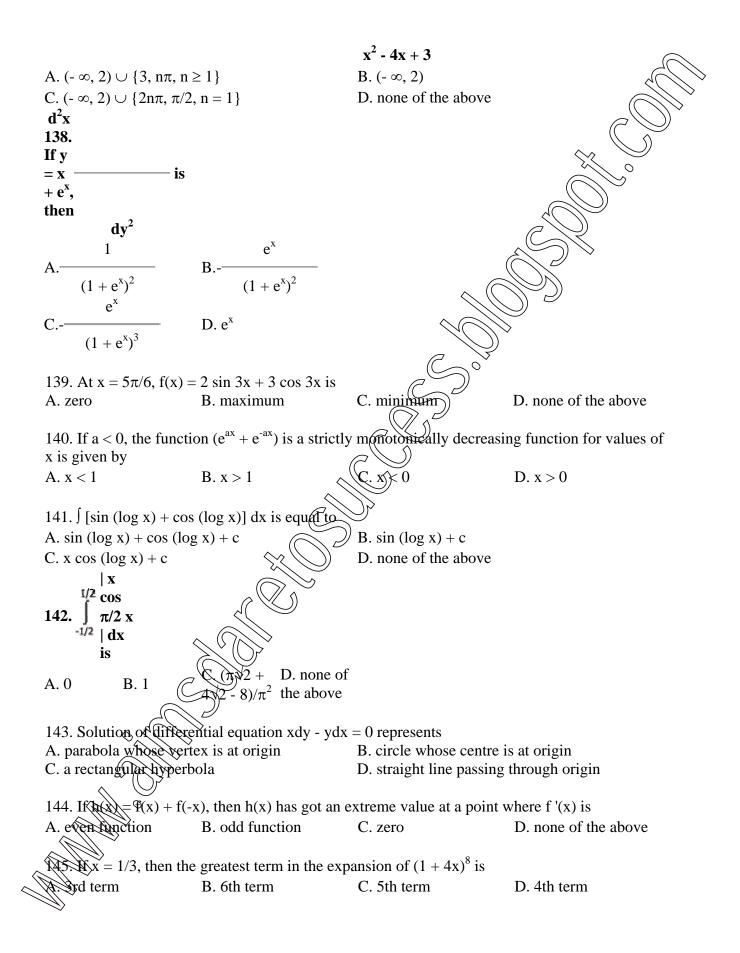


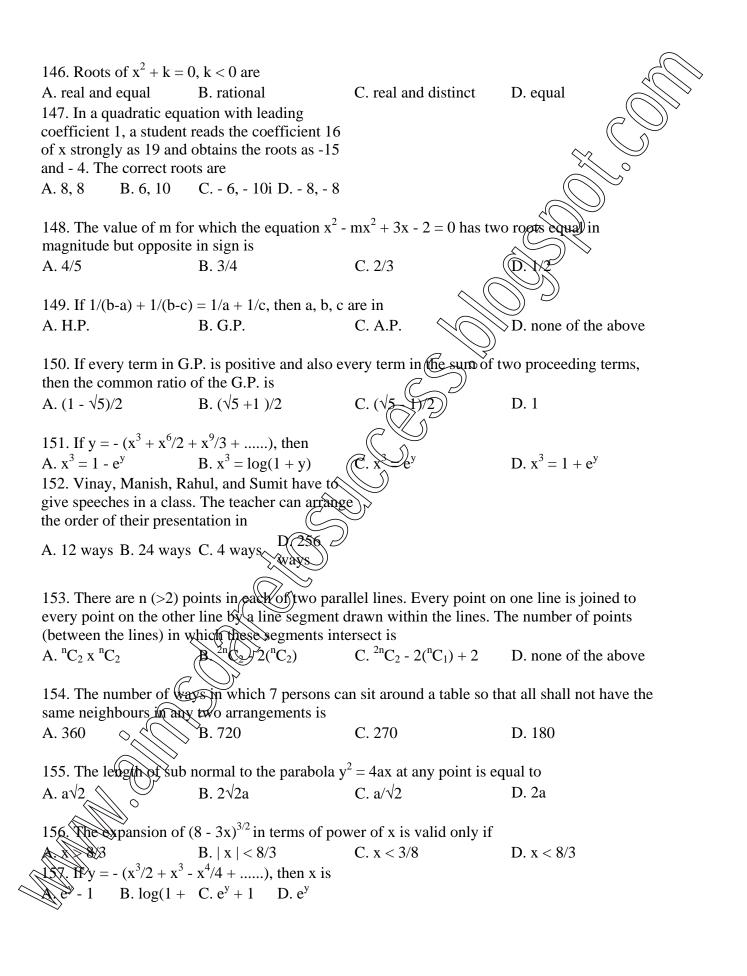


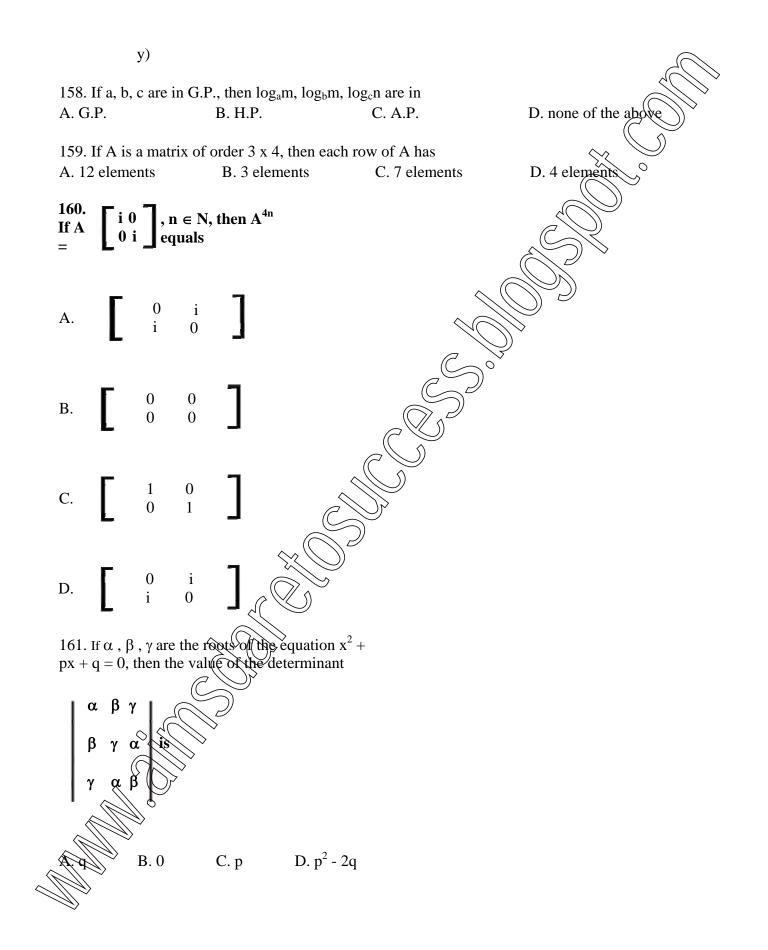
A. 1/4 C. 1/2 **B**. 2 D. 9 106. Amino group in the benzene group can be protected by B. salfoniation A. arylation C. chlorination D. acetylation 107. The light radiation with discrete quantities of energy is called C. positron A. electron B. photon D. meson 108. How many primary amines are possible for the formula $C_4H_{11}N$? C. 3 A. 1 B. 2 D. 4 109. Base catalysed aldol condensation occurs with A. propanaldehyde B. benzaldehyde D. none of the above C. 2, 2-dimethyl propionaldehyde 110. A sample of chloroform before being used as an anaesthetic is tested A. Fehling's solution B. ammonical cuprous chloride C. silver nitrate solution D. silver nitrate solution after boiling with alcoholic potassium hydroxide 111. 1-chlorobutane on reaction with alcoholic potash gives A. 1-butene B. 1-C. 2-butene D. 2butanol butanol 112. The halogen which is most reactive in the halogenation of alkanes under sunlight is A. chlorine B. bromine todine D. fluorine 113. The highest b.p. is expected for A. iso octane B. only ketone C. n-octane D. n-butane 114. The bond between carbon atom (2) in compound N= C-CH=CH₂ involves the hybrids as A. sp^3 and sp^2 C. sp and sp^2 B. sp and sp D. sp and sp 115. If two compounds have the same empirical formula but different molecular formula, they must have A. different percentage composition B. different molecular weight C. same viscosity D. same vapour density 116. Optical isomerism is shown by A. Butanol B. Butanol-2 C. Butene-1 D. Butene-2 117. The ion that cannot be precipitated by both HCl and H_2S is B. Cu^+ D. Sn²⁺ C. Ag^+ The aqueous solution of the following salts be coloured in case of B. LiNO₃ C. D. ArCl₃

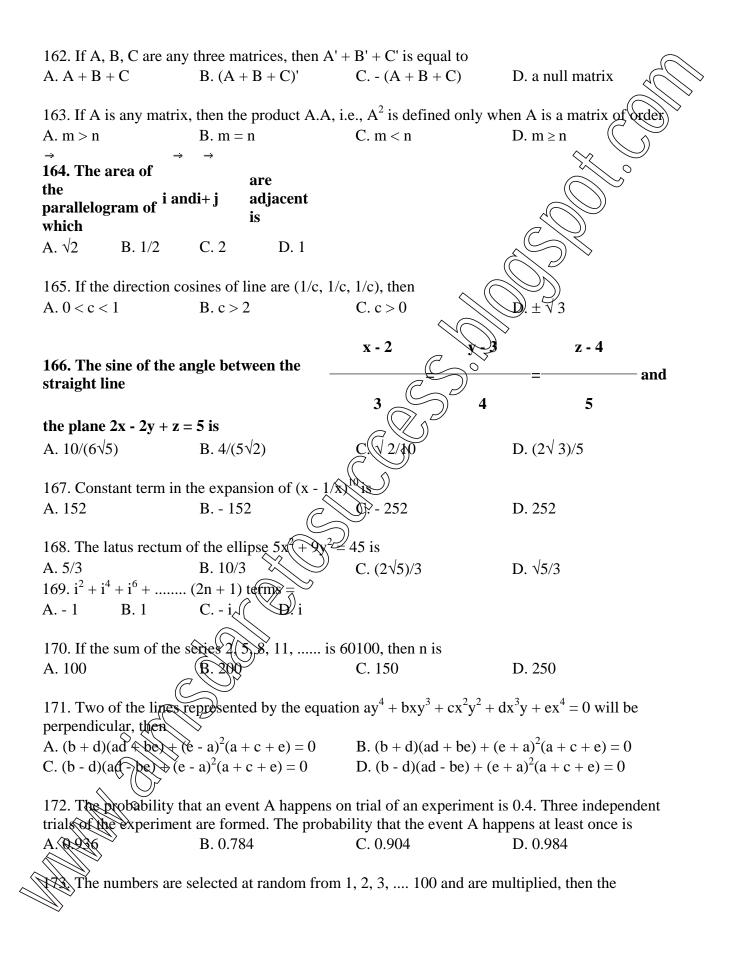












probability correct to two places of decimals that the product thus obtained is divisible by 3, is C. 0.22 A. 0.55 B. 0.44 D. 0.33 174. If $p^2 + q^2 = 1$ and $m^2 + n^2 = 1$, then A. $| p_m + q_n B. | p_m + q_n C. | p_q + mnD. | p_q +$ $|\leq 0$ $| \leq 1$ |>1mn | < 2175. In a football championship, there were played 153 matches. Every two team played one match with each other. The number of teams participating in the championship is A. 9 **B**. 11 C. 13 D. 18 176. The solution of |(x - 1) + 2| = 1 is A. 1 C. 5 B. 2 177. The equation $\log_e x + \log_e (1 + x) = 0$ can be written as A. $x^2 + x - e = 0$ B. $x^2 + x - 1 = 0$ C. $x^2 + x + 1 \cong$ D. $x^2 + xe - e = 0$ 178. Both the roots of the equation (x - b)(x - c) + (x - a)(x - b) = 0 are always B. negative D. imaginary A. positive C. real 179. The value of tan x/tan 3x whenever defined never lies between A. 1/3 and B. 1/4 and C. 1/5 and D. 5 and 6/3 4 5 180. Given (a + d) > (b + c) where a, b, c, d are real numbers, then A. a, b, c, d are in A.P. B. 1/a, 1/b, 1/c, 1/d are in A.P. D. 1/(a + b), 1/(b + c), 1/(c + d), 1/(a + d) are in C. (a + b), (b + c), (c + d), (a + d) are in A.P.